

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:35 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L2 0 S L1
 L3 22 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:51 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L4 19 S L3
 L5 10 S L4 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:17:17 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L7 0 S L6
 L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L9 0 S L8
 L10 13 S L8 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:19:07 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L11 0 S L10/THU
 L12 4 S L10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:10:58 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L14 50 S L13
 L15 16599 S L13 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:11:49 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L16 6621 S L15/THU
 L17 259600 S NEOINTIM? OR ATHEROSCLEROSIS OR ARTERY OR ARTERIAL
 L18 205 S L16 AND L17
 L19 127 S L18 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 17:12:49 ON 21 NOV 2008

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:14:14 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L20 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L21 0 S L1 SUB=L15 FULL
 L22 213 S L20 SUB=L15 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:15:08 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L23 124 S L22
 L24 205 S L16 AND L17
 L25 1 S L23 AND L17
 L26 21 S L22/THU
 L27 19 S L26 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:29:02 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L28 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L29 115 S L28 SUB=L15 FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:30:04 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L30 256 S L29
 L31 0 S L17 AND L30
 L32 209639 S HYPERCHOLESTEROLEM? OR HYPERLIPIDEM? OR DYSLIPIDEM? OR CHOLES
 L33 4 S L30 AND L32

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 17:31:09 ON 21 NOV 2008

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:31:42 ON 21 NOV 2008
 L34 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L35 5 S L34
 L36 95 S L34 SUB=L15 FULL

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:32:13 ON 21 NOV 2008
L37      238 S L36
L38      209 S (L17 OR L30) AND L37
L39      8 S L36/THU
L40      5 S (L17 OR L30) AND L39

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:38:05 ON 21 NOV 2008
L41      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L42      0 S L41
L43      0 S L41 SSS FULL
L44      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L45      13 S L44
L46      1484 S L44 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:42:20 ON 21 NOV 2008
L47      95 S L46/THU
L48      428791 S CHOLESTEROL OR HYPERLIPIDEM? OR ATHEROSCLEROSIS OR NEOINTIM?
L49      7 S L47 AND L48

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:21:21 ON 24 NOV 2008
L1       STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2       2 S L1
          EXP SERINE PHOSPHORIC ACID/CN
          EXP SERINE PHOSPH/CN
          EXP SERINE PHOSPHATE/CN
L3       1 S E5

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:35:58 ON 24 NOV 2008
L4       60 S L3/THU
L5       31 S L4 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

```

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10821739glycerol.str



```
chain nodes :
1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10  11  16  17  19
chain bonds :
1-2  1-3  1-5  1-19  2-6  3-4  4-7  5-16  6-17  8-9  8-10
exact/norm bonds :
1-5  4-7  5-16  6-17  8-9  8-10
exact bonds :
1-2  1-3  1-19  2-6  3-4
```

G1:P,[*1],[*2]

```
Connectivity :
10:1 X maximum RC ring/chain  11:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
Match level :
1:CLASS  2:CLASS  3:CLASS  4:CLASS  5:CLASS  6:CLASS  7:CLASS  8:CLASS  9:CLASS
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS
```

L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l13

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:11:16 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 2199 TO ITERATE

91.0% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

50 ANSWERS

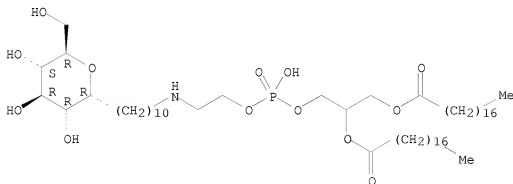
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 41167 TO 46793
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 14874 TO 18330

L14 50 SEA SSS SAM L13

=> d l14 scan

L14 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED
MF C57 H112 N O13 P

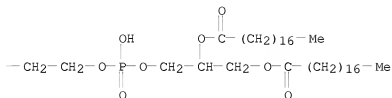
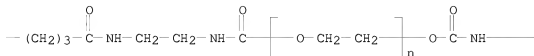
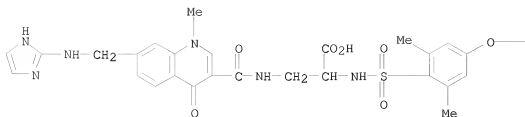
Relative stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

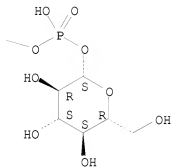
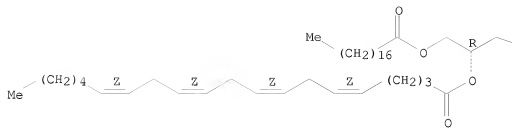
L14 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -[[[2-[[4-[4-[[[(1S)-1-carboxy-2-[[[1,4-dihydro-7-[(1H-imidazol-2-ylamino)methyl]-1-methyl-4-oxo-3-quinolinyl]carbonyl]amino]ethyl]amino]sulfonyl]-3,5-dimethylphenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]- α -[[[(9R)-6-hydroxy-6-oxido-1,12-dioxo-9-[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]-5,7,11-trioxo-2-aza-6-phosphanonacos-1-yl]oxy]-, sodium salt (1:1)
MF (C2 H4 O)_n C75 H120 N9 O19 P S . Na
CI PMS



L14 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 IN β -D-Glucopyranose, 1-[(2R)-2-[[[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]oxy]-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]propyl hydrogen phosphate],
 compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1)
 MF C47 H83 O13 P . C6 H15 N

CM 1

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



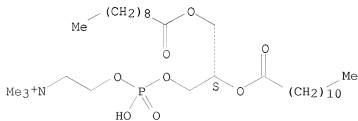
CM 2



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L14 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 IN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED
 MF C30 H61 N O8 P

Absolute stereochemistry.



HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> s l13 sss full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:11:39 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 44020 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 44020 ITERATIONS 16599 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L15 16599 SEA SSS FUL L13

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	178.36	595.64
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-11.20

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Nov 2008 (20081120/ED)

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l15/thu
35966 L15
1070979 THU/RL
L16 6621 L15/THU
(L15 (L) THU/RL)

=> s neointim? or atherosclerosis or artery or arterial
3676 NEOINTIM?
63834 ATHEROSCLEROSIS
151893 ARTERY
100583 ARTERIAL
L17 259600 NEOINTIM? OR ATHEROSCLEROSIS OR ARTERY OR ARTERIAL

```

=> s l16 and l17
L18      205 L16 AND L17

=> s l18 and (PY<2003 or AY<2003 or PRY<2003)
22961893 PY<2003
4500185 AY<2003
3968543 PRY<2003
L19      127 L18 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10821739pyrophosphate.str

```



```

chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 17 19 20 21
chain bonds :
1-2 1-3 1-5 1-19 2-6 3-4 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10 20-21
exact/norm bonds :
1-5 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10 20-21
exact bonds :
1-2 1-3 1-19 2-6 3-4

```

```

G1:P, [*1], [*2]

```


Connectivity :
 10:1 X maximum RC ring/chain 11:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
 Match level :
 1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS
 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

L20 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l1 sub=l15
 ENTER SUBSET SEARCH SCOPE - SAMPLE, FULL, RANGE, OR (END):full
 FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 17:14:35 FILE 'REGISTRY'
 FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 4 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L21 0 SEA SUB=L15 SSS FUL L1

=> s l20 sub=l15
 ENTER SUBSET SEARCH SCOPE - SAMPLE, FULL, RANGE, OR (END):full
 FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 17:14:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'
 FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 226 TO ITERATE

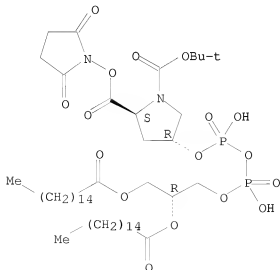
100.0% PROCESSED 226 ITERATIONS 213 ANSWERS
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L22 213 SEA SUB=L15 SSS FUL L20

=> d l22 scan

L22 213 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 IN 1,2-Pyrrolidinedicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[[(2R)-2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propoxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]-, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 2-(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl) ester, (2S,4R)-
 MF C49 H88 N2 O17 P2

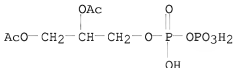
Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

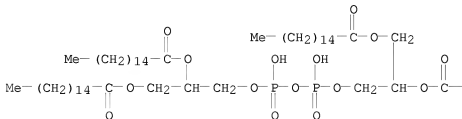
L22 213 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Diphosphoric acid, mono[2,3-bis(acetyloxy)propyl] ester (9CI)
MF C7 H14 O11 P2



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L22 213 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Hexadecanoic acid, 5,7-dioxido-4,6,8-trioxa-5,7-diphosphaundecane-
1,2,10,11-tetrayl ester (9CI)
MF C70 H136 O15 P2

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—(CH₂)₁₄—Me

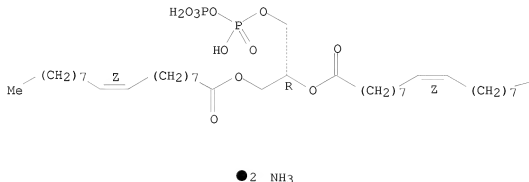
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L22 213 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, (1R)-1-(3,5,5-trihydroxy-3,5-dioxido-2,4-dioxa-

3,5-diphosphapent-1-yl)-1,2-ethanediyl ester, diammonium salt
 MF C39 H74 O11 P2 . 2 H3 N

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

Me

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):file hcaplus
 'FILE HCAPLUS' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".
 HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
	85.12	686.26
FULL ESTIMATED COST		
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-11.20

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Nov 2008 (20081120/ED)

HCAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 122
L23 124 L22

=> s 116 and 117
L24 205 L16 AND L17

=> s 123 and 117
L25 1 L23 AND L17

=> d 125 ti abs bib

L25 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Subtype-Selective Antagonists of Lysophosphatidic Acid Receptors Inhibit Platelet Activation Triggered by the Lipid Core of Atherosclerotic Plaques
AB Lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) is a platelet-activating component of mildly oxidized LDL (mox-LDL) and lipids isolated from human atherosclerotic plaques. Specific antagonists of platelet LPA receptors could be useful inhibitors of thrombus formation in patients with cardiovascular disease. Short-chain analogs of phosphatidic acid (PA) were examined for their effect on two initial platelet responses, platelet shape change and Ca2+ mobilization. Diacylglycerol pyrophosphate [DGPP(8:0)] and diacylphosphatidic acid [PA(8:0)], recently described selective antagonists of the LPA1 and LPA3 receptors, inhibited platelet activation evoked by LPA but not by other platelet stimuli. DGPP(8:0) was more potent than PA(8:0). DGPP(8:0) also inhibited platelet shape change induced by mox-LDL and lipid exts. from human atherosclerotic plaques. Notably, we demonstrate for the first time that the lipid-rich core isolated from soft plaques was able to directly induce shape change. This effect was completely abrogated by prior incubation of platelets with DGPP(8:0). Moreover, coapplication of the lipid-rich core or LPA together with subthreshold concns. of ADP or epinephrine synergistically induced platelet aggregation; this effect was inhibited by DGPP(8:0). Anal. by liquid chromatog.-mass spectrometry revealed the presence of LPA alkyl- and acyl-mol. species with high platelet-activating potency (16:0-alkyl-LPA, 20:4-acyl-LPA). LPA mols. present in the core region of atherosclerotic plaques trigger rapid platelet activation through the stimulation of LPA1 and LPA3 receptors. Antagonists of platelet LPA receptors might provide a new strategy to prevent thrombus formation in patients with cardiovascular diseases.

AN 2003:601141 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
DN 140:281040

TI Subtype-Selective Antagonists of Lysophosphatidic Acid Receptors Inhibit Platelet Activation Triggered by the Lipid Core of Atherosclerotic Plaques
AU Rother, Enno; Brandl, Richard; Baker, Daniel L.; Goyal, Pankaj; Gebhard,

Harry; Tigyi, Gabor; Siess, Wolfgang
 CS Medical Faculty, Institute for Prevention of Cardiovascular Diseases,
 University of Munich, Munich, Germany
 SO Circulation (2003), 108(6), 741-747
 CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322
 PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
 DT Journal
 LA English
 RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s 122/thu
 124 L22
 1070979 THU/RL
 L26 21 L22/THU
 (L22 (L) THU/RL)

=> s 126 and (PY<2003 or AY<2003 or PRY<2003)
 22961893 PY<2003
 4500185 AY<2003
 3968543 PRY<2003
 L27 19 L26 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

=> d 127 1-19 ti abs bib hitstr

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Acyclovir derivatives for topical use
 AB The invention involves compns. for topical use in herpes virus infections
 comprising anti-herpes nucleoside analog phosphate esters, such as
 acyclovir monophosphate, acyclovir diphosphate, and acyclovir
 triphosphate, which show increased activity against native strains of
 herpes virus as well as against resistant strains, particularly thymidine
 kinase neg. strains of virus. Anti-herpes nucleoside analogs phosphate
 esters include the phosphoramidates and phosphothiorates, as well as
 polyphosphates comprising C and S bridging atoms.

AN 1997:121416 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 126:135594

OREF 126:26139a,26142a

TI Acyclovir derivatives for topical use

IN Hostetler, Karl Y.

PA Hostetler, Karl Y., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

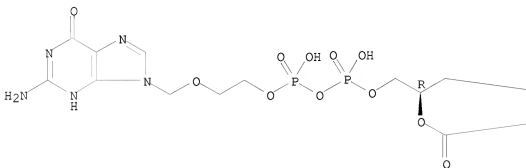
FAN.CNT 5

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9640088	A1	19961219	WO 1996-US10085	19960606 <--
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RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN				
US 5879700	A	19990309	US 1995-480456	19950607 <--
AU 9663842	A	19961230	AU 1996-63842	19960606 <--
EP 831794	A1	19980401	EP 1996-923289	19960606 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				

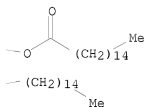
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PRAI	US 1995-480456	A	19950607	<--	
	US 1991-777683	B2	19911015	<--	
	US 1993-60258	A2	19930512	<--	
	WO 1996-US10085	W	19960606	<--	
IT	139701-83-0				
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (acyclovir derivs. for topical use against herpes virus infections)				
RN	139701-83-0	HCAPLUS			
CN	Hexadecanoic acid, 1-[10-(2-amino-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-9H-purin-9-yl)-3,5-dihydroxy-3,5-dioxido-2,4,6,9-tetraoxa-3,5-diphosphadec-1-yl]-1,2-ethanediyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Synthesis and antiproliferative activity of cytidine-5'-alkylphosphonophosphates and structurally related compounds

AB The chemical synthesis of cytidine-5'-alkyl- and cytidine-5'-alkyl(acyl)deoxyglycerophosphonophosphates is reported. The compds. obtained represent a novel class of cytostatically active agents based on phospholipids, which inhibit the growth of various tumor cell lines in vitro. They are phosphono analogs of the cytidine-5'-diphosphate-diacylglycerol (CDP-DAG) possessing a structurally modified lipid moiety and a phospholipase C-resistant P-C bond. The antiproliferative efficacy of the cytidine-5'-alkylphosphonophosphates

strongly depends on the alkyl chain length. The cytidine-5'-hexadecylphosphonophosphate was the most effective compound tested in this study. Its cytostatic effect was distinctly higher than that of the alkyl(acyl)deoxyglycero derivs. and of the corresponding diphosphates. The structures of the new compds. were confirmed by fast atom bombardment mass spectrometry (FAB).

AN 1996:566510 HCAPLUS <LOGINID:20081121>

DN 125:292238

OREF 125:54355a,54358a

TI Synthesis and antiproliferative activity of cytidine-5'-alkylphosphonophosphates and structurally related compounds
AU Brachwitz, H.; Lachmann, U.; Thomas, Y.; Bergmann, J.; Berdel, W. E.; Langen, P.

CS Freie Universitaet Berlin, Universitaetsklinikum Benjamin Franklin, Abt. Haematologie und Onkologie, Berlin, Germany

SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (1996), 83(1), 77-85
CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

IT 3152-52-1 182919-93-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

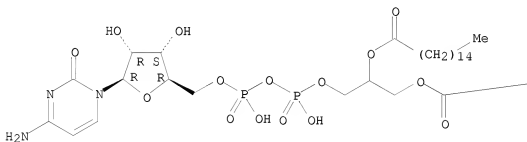
(preparation and structure activity of cytidine hexadecylphosphonophosphates as antitumor agents)

RN 3152-52-1 HCAPLUS

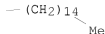
CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),
P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

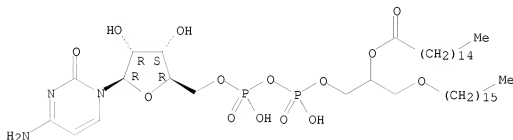


RN 182919-93-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),

P'-[3-(octadecyloxy)-2-[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 3 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Ether lipid-nucleoside covalent conjugates

AB Conjugates of ether lipids and antiviral nucleoside analogs are disclosed, along with pharmaceutical compns. containing the same and methods of using the same to combat HIV-1 infections. Illustrative are 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine-5'-monophosphatoxopropane and 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine-5'-butyrate-γ-N,N,N-trimethylammonium-β-(1-phospho-2-ethoxy-3-hexadecyloxypropane).

AN 1996:332929 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 125:96065

OREF 125:17899a,17902a

TI Ether lipid-nucleoside covalent conjugates

IN Piantadosi, Claude; Marasco, Canio J., Jr.; Kucera, Louis S.

PA Wake Forest University, USA; University of North Carolina

SO U.S., 11 pp., Cont. of U. S. Ser. No. 955, 709, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

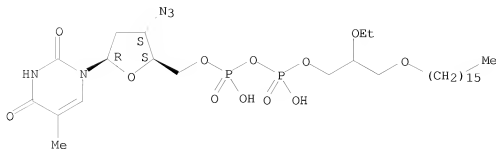
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5512671	A	19960430	US 1995-418853	19950407 <--
PRAI	US 1995-418853	B1	19950407	<--	
	US 1993-955709		19930216	<--	
OS	MARPAT 125:96065				
IT	178394-14-4P				

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (phospholipid-nucleoside conjugates as virucides for treatment of HIV-1 infections)

RN 178394-14-4 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-, P'-[2-ethoxy-3-(hexadecyloxy)propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

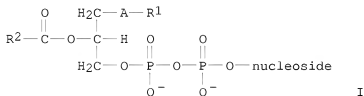
Absolute stereochemistry.



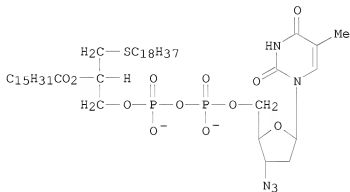
L27 ANSWER 4 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Nucleoside 5'-diphosphate conjugates of ether and thioether lipids as anti-HIV agents

GI



I



II

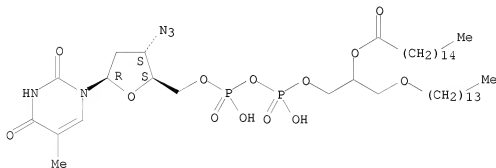
AB A compound which exhibits anti-HIV activity has the formula I wherein: R1 is selected from the group consisting of alkyls and alkenyls containing from 8 to 22 carbon atoms; A is selected from the group consisting of O and S atoms; R2 is selected from the group consisting of alkyls, hetero atom containing alkyls, and alkenyls containing from 8 to 22 carbon atoms; and the nucleoside is selected from the group consisting of 2',3'-dideoxynucleosides, 3'-azido-2',3'-dideoxynucleosides, and 2',3'-dideoxy-2',3'-dideoxynucleosides. Thus, e.g., condensation of AZT monophosphate morpholidate with rac-1-S-octadecyl-2-O-palmitoyl-1-thioglycerol 3-phosphate afforded 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine-5'-diphosphate-rac-1-S-octadecyl-O-palmitoyl-1-thioglycerol Na salt (II.2Na, 27%) which protected 80% of HIV-infected CEM cells at as low as 5.80 + 10⁻⁷ M. Micelle formulations were given.

AN 1996:106711 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 124:290190
 OREF 124:53835a,53838a
 TI Nucleoside 5'-diphosphate conjugates of ether and thioether lipids as anti-HIV agents
 IN Hong, Chung I.; West, Charles R.; Chu, Chung K.
 PA Health Research, Inc., USA; University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.
 SO U.S., 16 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5484911	A	19960116	US 1993-41725	19930401 <--
PRAI	US 1993-41725		19930401	<--	
OS	MARPAT 124:290190				
IT	175459-10-6P 175459-12-8P				
RL:	BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)				
	(nucleoside 5'-diphosphate conjugates of ether and thioether lipids as anti-HIV agents)				
RN	175459-10-6	HCAPLUS			
CN	Thymidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-, P'-[2-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-3-(tetradecyloxy)propyl] ester, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

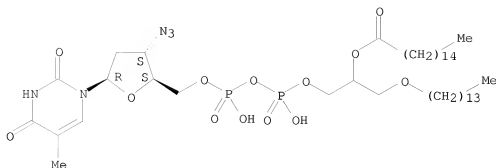
Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 Na

RN 175459-12-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Thymidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-, P'-[2-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-3-(tetradecyloxy)propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 5 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antiviral effect in human cytomegalovirus-infected cells, pharmacokinetics, and intravitreal toxicology in rabbits of acyclovir diphosphate dimyristoylglycerol

AB Acyclovir diphosphate dimyristoylglycerol (ACVDP-DG) is a lipid prodrug which is active against acyclovir (ACV)-resistant strains of herpes simplex virus because of its intracellular metabolism to ACV monophosphate. In human cytomegalovirus (HCMV)-infected MRC-5 cells, ACVDP-DG was 9-fold more active than ACV. When liposomal [8-3H]ACVDP-DG was injected intravitreally at the maximum nontoxic dose of 1 μ mol in rabbits, the drug remained above its estimated 90% HCMV-inhibitory concentration for 18 days. Intravitreal ganciclovir persists above its 90% inhibitory concentration for

only

1 to 2 days. ACVDP-DG may be useful as a local treatment for HCMV retinitis.

AN 1995:597495 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 123:74293

OREF 123:12914h,12915a

TI Antiviral effect in human cytomegalovirus-infected cells, pharmacokinetics, and intravitreal toxicology in rabbits of acyclovir diphosphate dimyristoylglycerol

AU Shakiba, Sima; Freeman, William R.; Flores-Aguilar, Marisa; Munguia, David; Tatebayashi, Misako; Besen, Gilberto; Amani, Ramin; Wiley, Clayton A.; Vuong, Chou; et al.

CS Departments of Ophthalmology, University of California, San Diego/La Jolla, CA, 92093, USA

SO Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (1995), 39(6), 1383-5
CODEN: AMACQ; ISSN: 0066-4804

PB American Society for Microbiology

DT Journal

LA English

IT 139701-81-8

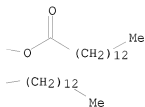
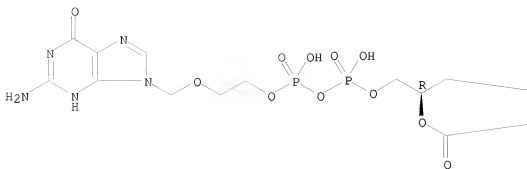
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(antiviral effect in human cytomegalovirus-infected cells and pharmacokinetics and intravitreal toxicol. in rabbits of acyclovir diphosphate dimyristoylglycerol with liposomes)

RN 139701-81-8 HCAPLUS

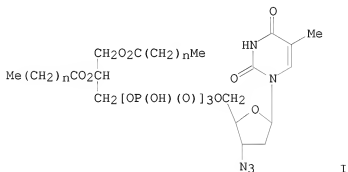
CN Tetradeconoic acid, 1-[10-(2-amino-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-9H-purin-9-yl)-3,5-dihydroxy-3,5-dioxido-2,4,6,9-tetraoxa-3,5-diphosphadec-1-yl]-1,2-ethanediyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 6 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Synthesis and antiviral activity of 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine
 triphosphate distearoylglycerol: a novel phospholipid conjugate of the
 anti-HIV agent AZT

GI



I

AB Phospholipid conjugates of 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (AZT) show activity against the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) in vitro. In a previous report (K.Y. Hostetler, L.M. Stuhmiller, B.H.M. Lenting, H. van den Bosch and D.D. Richman (1991), J. Biol. Chemical 265, 6112-6117), the syntheses and anti-HIV activities of AZT mono- and diphosphate diglyceride have been

described. The authors now report on the synthesis, characterization and biol. activity of 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine triphosphate distearoylglycerol (AZTTP-DSG) (I). The compound was prepared by the condensation of AZT diphosphate with distearoylphosphatidic acid morpholidate in anhydrous pyridine at room temperature and purified by high-performance liquid chromatog. using a silica column. Characterization was performed with ³¹P-NMR and IR analyses and determination of the fatty acid, phosphorus and nucleoside content of the product. AZTTP-DSG inhibited HIV-1 replication in both CEM and HT4-6C cells at a level intermediate in potency between its mono- and diphosphate analogs. The IC₅₀ values of AZTTP-DSG were 0.33 and 0.79 μM in these two cell lines, resp. In addition, AZTTP-DSG was less toxic to CEM cells in vitro than the other AZT liponucleotides and reduced viable cell nos. in this cell type by 50% at 1000 μM. Initial studies on the metabolism of AZTTP-DSG revealed that both AZT and AZT monophosphate were liberated from the lipid pro-drug by a rat liver mitochondrial enzyme preparation. These phospholipid derivs. of AZT nucleotides represent pro-drugs for the intracellular delivery of phosphorylated antiviral nucleoside analogs.

AN 1994:499134 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 121:99134

OREF 121:17555a,17558a

TI Synthesis and antiviral activity of 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine triphosphate distearoylglycerol: a novel phospholipid conjugate of the anti-HIV agent AZT

AU van Wijk, G. M. T.; Hostetler, K. Y.; Kroneman, E.; Richman, D. D.; Sridhar, C. N.; Kumar, R.; van den Bosch, H.

CS Centre for Biomembranes and Lipid Enzymology, Utrecht University, Padualaan 8, CH Utrecht, 3584, Neth.

SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (1994), 70(2), 213-22
CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084

DT Journal

LA English

IT 146198-72-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

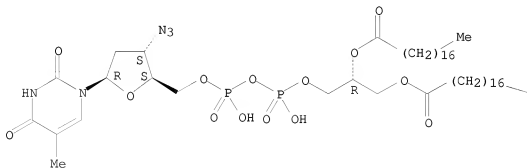
(antiviral activity of, against HIV-1 virus in human cells)

RN 146198-72-3 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-, P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

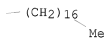
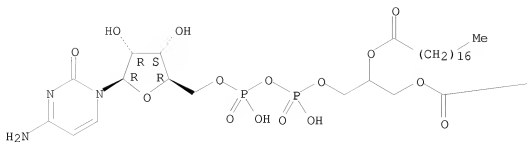
PAGE 1-A



Me

L27 ANSWER 7 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Cytostatic effects of various alkyl phospholipid analogs on different cells in vitro
 AB Phospholipid analogs were studied with regard to their cytostatic activity on different tumor cell lines and on murine bone marrow cells. Compds. compared for their activity were alkylglycero- and alkyl-phosphocholines with the corresponding serines and the alkylphosphocholines and -serines with the corresponding phosphono derivs. Moreover, compds. containing CDP instead of the phospho (or phosphono-) choline or serine moiety were studied. Rac-2-Chloro-2-deoxy-2-deoxy-1-0-hexadecylglycero-3-phosphocholine (cpd. Id), hexadecylphosphocholine (cpd. Ia) as well as hexadecylphosphoserine (cpd. Ib) inhibited growth of tumor cells in suspension and monolayer culture and their colony and cluster formation in agar culture but not that of bone marrow cells. The exchange of choline for serine in these compds. results in the loss of this type of antitumor specificity. However, dodecylphosphono-L-serine (cpd. IIc) is as specific as the choline derivs. Ia, b, d mentioned. Thus, for serine compds. the specificity for tumor cells might depend in a critical way on the length of the alkyl chain. The phosphono compds. Ib, IIb show almost the same activity as the corresponding compds. hexadecylphosphocholine (cpd. Ia) or hexadecylphosphoserine (cpd. IIa). The CDP-derivs. (IIId, d, e, f) inhibited growth of tumor cells in suspension or monolayer cultures but not the colony and cluster formation in agar (i.e. they do not decrease the plating efficiency) from either tumor or bone marrow cells.
 AN 1993:440254 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 119:40254
 OREF 119:7119a,7122a
 TI Cytostatic effects of various alkyl phospholipid analogs on different cells in vitro
 AU Langen, P.; Maurer, H. R.; Brachwitz, H.; Eckert, K.; Veit, A.; Vollgraf, C.
 CS Max-Delbruck Cent. Mol. Med., Berlin, D-1115, Germany
 SO Anticancer Research (1992), 12(6B), 2109-12
 CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 25527-53-1 136194-83-7 148471-84-5
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antitumor activity of, as phospholipid analog, structure in relation to)
 RN 25527-53-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),
 P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

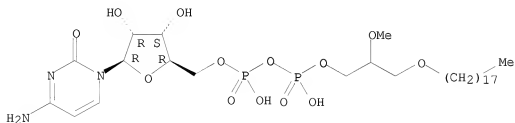
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 136194-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),
P'-[2-methoxy-3-(octadecyloxy)propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

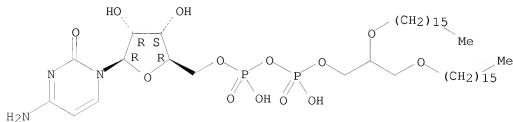
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 148471-84-5 HCAPLUS

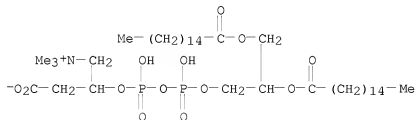
CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), P'-[2,3-bis(hexadecyloxy)propyl]
ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

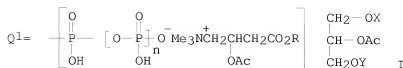


L27 ANSWER 8 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation of 1,2-di-O-acyl glycerol(dialkyl)phosphate of L-carnitine and its derivatives as drugs
 AB ROCH2CHOR1CH2[OP(O)(OH)]mOP(O)(O(H)n]OCH(CH2CO2R2)CH2N+Me3 [I; R, R1 = (unsatd.) C2-22 acid radical; R2 = H, alkyl; m, n = 0, 1], were prepared for treatment of slow cerebral metabolism, cardiac disturbances, dyslipemia, and hyperlipoproteinemia (no data). Thus, Me3N+CH2CH(OP(O3H2)CH2CO2H (preparation given) in MeOH was evaporated with Me4NOH. 1,2-Di-O-palmitoyl-3-bromoglycerol and MeCN were added to the residue and the mixture was refluxed 5-6 h to give L-carnitine 1,2-di-O-palmitoyl glycerophosphate. I are said to be antiarrhythmics and have a pos. inotropic effect, to reduce serum triglyceride and cholesterol levels, and to increase activity in rats when injected intracerebroventricularly.
 AN 1990:441324 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 113:41324
 OREF 113:7047a,7050a
 TI Preparation of 1,2-di-O-acyl glycerol(dialkyl)phosphate of L-carnitine and its derivatives as drugs
 IN Puricelli, Laura
 PA Magis Farmaceutici S.r.l., Italy
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 348859	A1	19900103	EP 1989-111591	19890626 <--
	R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL				
PRAI	IT 1988-21187	A	19880701	<--	
	IT 1988-21188	A	19880701	<--	
OS	MARPAT 113:41324				
IT	127985-34-6P				
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as drug)				
RN	127985-34-6 HCAPLUS				
CN	1-Propanaminium, 2-[[[2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propoxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]hydroxyphosphinyl]oxy]-3-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt (CA INDEX NAME)				



L27 ANSWER 9 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation of acetylcarnitine acetyl glycerophosphate salts as drugs
 GI



AB XCH₂CH(OAc)CH₂OY (I; R = C1-5 alkyl; X = Q1, H, Ac; Y = Q1; n = 0, 1; provided that when X = H, n = 0), were prepared for treatment of cardiac malfunction, hyperlipoproteinemia, dyslipemias, slow cerebral metabolism, and senile or presenile dementia (no data), were prepared. Thus, 2-acetylgllycerol (preparation given), (PhO)₂P(O)Cl, and pyridine were stirred 2 days at room temperature. The product was hydrolyzed to give 2-acetylgllycerol 1,3-diphosphate. The latter, in EtOH was treated with acetylcarnitine followed by removal of solvent to give the salt.

AN 1990:406804 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

DN 113:6804

OREF 113:1323a,1326a

TI Preparation of acetylcarnitine acetylgllycerophosphate salts as drugs

IN Puricelli, Laura

PA Magis Farmaceutici S.r.l., Italy

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

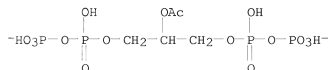
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 340759	A1	19891108	EP 1989-108029	19890503 <--
	R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL				
PRAI	IT 1988-20482	A	19880506	<--	
	IT 1988-20514	A	19880510	<--	
	IT 1988-20579	A	19880513	<--	
	IT 1988-20582	A	19880513	<--	
	IT 1988-20583	A	19880513	<--	
OS	MARPAT 113:6804				
IT	127487-47-2P 127487-49-4P				
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as drug)				
RN	127487-47-2 HCAPLUS				
CN	1-Propanaminium, 2-(acetyloxy)-3-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, (R)-, 2-(acetyloxy)-1,3-propanediyl bis(diphosphate) (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

CM 1

CRN 127487-46-1

CMF C5 H12 O16 P4

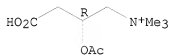


CM 2

CRN 89946-58-7

CMF C9 H18 N O4

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



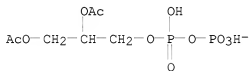
RN 127487-49-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 2-(acetyloxy)-3-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, (R)-,
2,3-bis(acetyloxy)propyl (diphosphate) (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 125971-14-4

CMF C7 H13 O11 P2

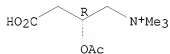


CM 2

CRN 89946-58-7

CMF C9 H18 N O4

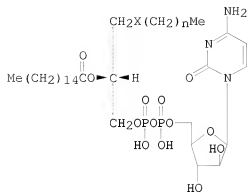
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L27 ANSWER 10 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Therapeutic activity of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of
lipids in WEHI-3B leukemia in mice

GI



I, X=O₂C, n=14

II, X=S, n=17

AB Two new conjugates of ara-C and lipids were tested for therapeutic activity in myelomonocytic WEHI-3B leukemia in mice. Both conjugates were superior to equimolar mixts. of their resp. parent compds. and to ara-C alone. I.p. treatment was found effective after either i.p. or i.v. transplantation of the leukemia. The thioether-linked lipid conjugate ara-CDP-D,L-PTBA (I) showed considerably higher efficacy than the ester-linked lipid conjugate ara-CDP-L-dipalmitin (II). The optimal therapeutic regimen of ara-CDP-D,L-PTBA consisted of 60 mg/kg given i.p. q.d. 1-5 after transplantation of the WEHI-3B leukemia.

AN 1989:417233 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

DN 111:17233

OREF 111:2903a,2906a

TI Therapeutic activity of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of lipids in WEHI-3B leukemia in mice

AU Berdel, Wolfgang E.; Okamoto, Shinichiro; Danhauser-Riedl, Susanne; Hong, Chung Il; Winton, Elliott F.; West, Charles R.; Rastetter, Johann; Vogler, W. Ralph

CS Sch. Med., Emory Univ., Atlanta, GA, 30322, USA

SO Experimental Hematology (New York, NY, United States) (1989), 17(4), 364-7

CODEN: EXHMA6; ISSN: 0301-472X

DT Journal

LA English

IT 71065-86-6

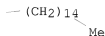
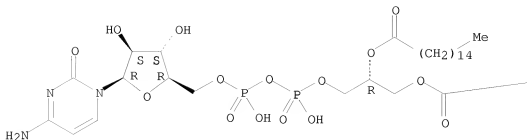
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antitumor activity of, in myelomonocytic leukemia)

RN 71065-86-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 11 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Antineoplastic activity of conjugates of lipids and
 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine
 AB Five different lipid conjugates of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine
 (ARA-C) were tested in comparison with ARA-C, the ether lipid ET-18-OCH3
 (1-O-octadecyl-2-O-methyl-rac-glycero-3-phosphocholine) and their
 equimolar mixts. The compds. were tested in vitro for cytotoxicity in the
 trypan blue dye exclusion test with cells from 6 different leukemias,
 glioblastoma, and 2 bronchogenic carcinomas of human origin. The compds.
 were given in vivo to assess their therapeutic activity against 3-Lewis
 lung carcinoma (3-LL) of syngeneic mice. Although some of the conjugates
 showed cytotoxic activity in vitro against the cell samples tested, they
 did not reveal higher cytotoxicity than ET-18-OCH3, ARA-C, or their
 equimolar mixts. In these expts., ARA-CDP-DL-MBA was the conjugate with
 the highest cytotoxicity. Some of the conjugates inhibited tumor growth
 and also increased survival of mice with i.p. implanted 3-LL. In these
 expts., ARA-CDP-DL-PTBA, ARA-CDP-DL-PBA, ARA-CDP-L-dipalmitin and
 ARA-CDP-DL-PCA were more active than either of the parent compds. ARA-C
 and Et-18-OCH3, alone or in their equimolar mixts. Furthermore, when the
 conjugates were injected as adjuvant chemotherapy shortly after the
 surgical removal of the primary 3-LL, they inhibited the metastasis of
 3-LL to the lungs of the animals, demonstrated by an increase of the
 survival time and the number of surviving animals.

AN 1988:68425 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 108:68425
 OREF 108:11171a,11174a
 TI Antineoplastic activity of conjugates of lipids and
 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine
 AU Berdel, Wolfgang E.; Danhauser, Susanne; Schick, Hans D.; Hong, Chung Il;
 West, Charles R.; Fromm, Michael; Fink, Ulrich; Reichert, Anneliese;
 Rastetter, Johann
 CS Dep. Med. I, Tech. Univ., Munich, 8000/80, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SO Lipids (1987), 22(11), 943-6

CODEN: LPDSAP; ISSN: 0024-4201

DT Journal

LA English

IT 71065-86-6 103383-66-0 103383-67-1

103383-68-2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

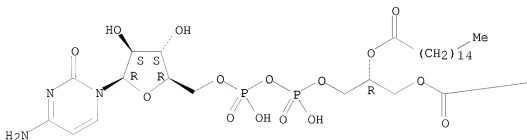
(neoplasm inhibition by)

RN 71065-86-6 HCAPLUS

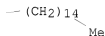
CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



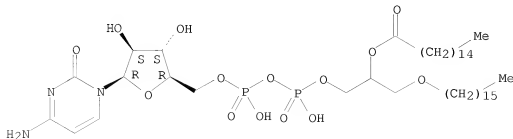
PAGE 1-B



RN 103383-66-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

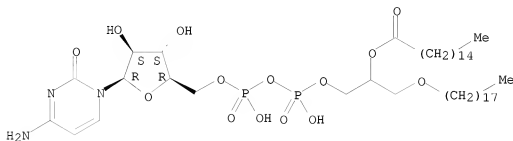
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103383-67-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphahexacos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

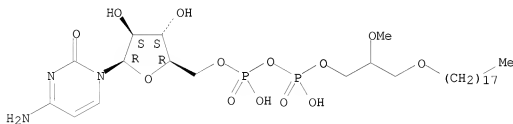
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103383-68-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-(1,3-dihydroxy-6-methoxy-1,3-dioxido-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphahexacos-1-yl)-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

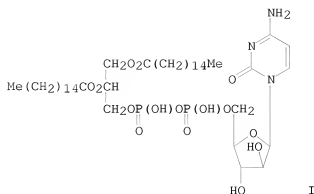
Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 12 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antitumor effects of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of 1,2-dipalmitins on L1210 leukemia in mice

GI



AB Antitumor activities of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin (ara-CDP-L-dipalmitin) (I) [71065-86-6] and its stereoisomer ara-CDP-D-dipalmitin [92693-06-6] and ara-CDP-DL-dipalmitin [63357-80-2] were compared in mice inoculated with L1210 lymphoid leukemia. The order of antitumor activity was L > D > DL. The difference between the L- and the DL-isomers was particularly apparent on the advanced state of the diseases. In mice implanted with ara-C [147-94-4]-resistant L1210 leukemia, the L-isomer gave a marked increase of life span, but the D-isomer was ineffective. Thus, the best conjugates of this type have a linkage with the naturally occurring phospholipid.

AN 1985:605547 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 103:205547

OREF 103:32977a,32980a

TI Antitumor effects of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of 1,2-dipalmitins on L1210 leukemia in mice

AU Hong, Chung I.; An, S. H.; Nechaev, A.; Buchheit, D. J.; West, C. R.; MacCoss, Malcolm

CS Dep. Neurosurg., Roswell Park Mem. Inst., Buffalo, NY, 14263, USA

SO Proc. Int. Congr. Chemother., 13th (1983), Volume 16, 257/19-257/22. Editor(s): Spitzzy, K. H.; Karrer, K. Publisher: Verlag H. Egermann, Vienna, Austria.

CODEN: 53XPA8

DT Conference

LA English

IT 63357-80-2 71065-86-6 92693-06-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

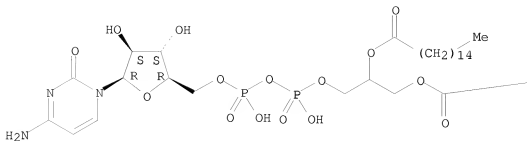
(neoplasm inhibition by, structure in relation to)

RN 63357-80-2 HCAPLUS

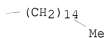
CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxo-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

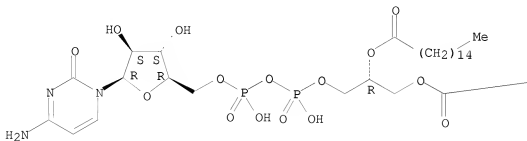


RN 71065-86-6 HCAPLUS

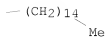
CN 2-(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

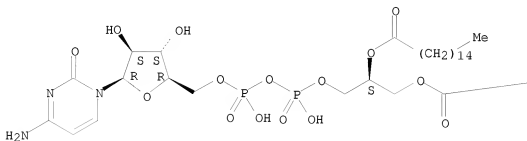


RN 92693-06-6 HCAPLUS

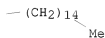
CN 2 (1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxa-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



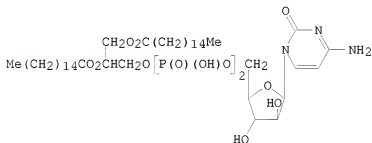
PAGE 1-B



L27 ANSWER 13 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on SIN

TI 1-β-D-Arabinofuranosylcytosine-phospholipid conjugates as prodrugs of Ara-C

GI



I

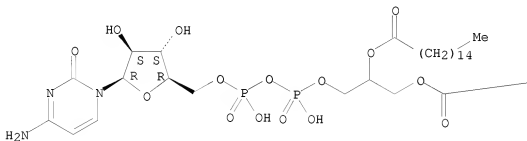
AB The L- [71065-86-6], D- [92693-06-6], and D,L-isomers of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-diphosphate-1,2-dipalmitin (I) [63357-80-2], new prodrugs of ara-C, have been evaluated for antitumor activity in L1210 lymphoid leukemic mice. The L-isomer produced significant increase in life span (ILS), and longterm survivors among mice bearing i.p. and i.c. implanted L1210 leukemia and the maximal ILS values

found were >543 and >374% with five and four 45-day survivors out of six mice, resp., at the optimal single doses of 300 mg/kg and 125 mg/kg. The D- and D,L-isomers also displayed significant in vivo antitumor activity against both i.p. and i.c. implanted L1210 leukemia in mice with ILS range of 144-293% at a total dose of 125-250 mg/kg. Significant schedule dependency was not observed when the conjugates were administered i.p. once daily for 5 days, once every 4 days, or as a single dose, but single doses typically produced the best effects. The L-isomer was found to be a more effective prodrug of ara-C than its isomers and other lipophilic prodrugs, 5'-O-palmitoylara-C and N4-acyl-ara-C. Unlike the latter prodrugs, the new conjugates are water soluble by the sonication method.

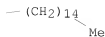
AN 1984:583575 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 101:183575
 OREF 101:27609a,27612a
 TI 1-β-D-Arabinofuranosylcytosine-phospholipid conjugates as prodrugs of Ara-C
 AU Hong, Chung I.; An, Seung Ho; Buchheit, David J.; Nechaev, Alexander; Kirsits, Alan J.; West, Charles R.; Ryu, Eung K.; MacCoss, Malcolm
 CS Dep. Neurosurg., Roswell Park Mem. Inst., Buffalo, NY, 14263, USA
 SO Cancer Drug Delivery (1984), 1(3), 181-90
 CODEN: CDDED7; ISSN: 0732-9482
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 63357-80-2 71065-86-6 92693-06-6
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (neoplasm-inhibiting activity of)
 RN 63357-80-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

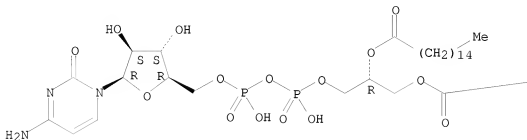


RN 71065-86-6 HCAPLUS

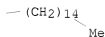
CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

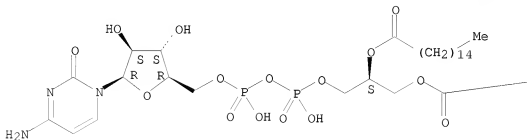


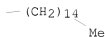
RN 92693-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

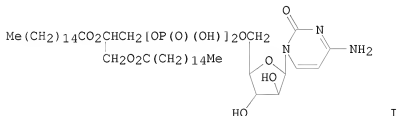
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A





L27 ANSWER 14 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Synthesis and biological activity of novel nucleoside-phospholipid
 prodrugs
 GI



I

AB 1- β -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin (I) [71065-86-6], tubercidin diphosphate-L-dipalmitin [85145-69-3], and a mixture of I and 1- β -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-5'-monophosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin [85145-70-6] synthesized by previous methods, inhibited growth of mouse myeloma MPC-11 and L1210 lympholeukemic cells to a greater extent than did ara-C or tubercidin. I also markedly increased survival of mice inoculated with L1210 cells when administered 24 h before and especially when administered on the day of tumor inoculation. The in vivo effect was much greater than that of ara-C.

AN 1983:132201 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 98:132201

OREF 98:20041a,20044a

TI Synthesis and biological activity of novel nucleoside-phospholipid prodrugs

AU MacCoss, M.; Ryu, E. K.; Hong, Chung I.; Matsishita, T.

CS Div. Biol. Med. Res., Argonne Natl. Lab., Argonne, IL, 60439, USA

SO Proc. Int. Round Table Nucleosides, Nucleotides Their Biol. Appl., 4th (1982), Meeting Date 1981, 255-63. Editor(s): Alderweireldt, Frank C.; Esmans, Eddy L. Publisher: Univ. Antwerp, Antwerp, Belg. CODEN: 49EBA4

DT Conference

LA English

IT 71065-86-6P 85145-69-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and neoplasm-inhibiting activity of)

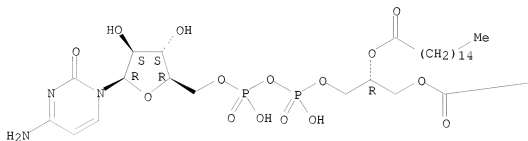
RN 71065-86-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxa-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]- β -D-

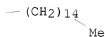
arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

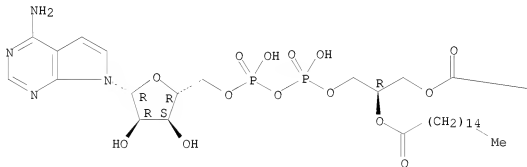


RN 85145-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN 7H-Pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-amine,
7-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-
trioxa-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-ribofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

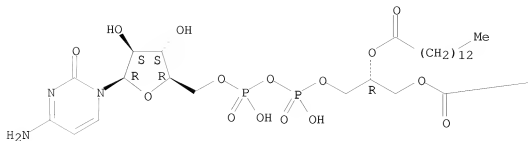
PAGE 1-A



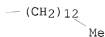


L27 ANSWER 15 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Phospholipid-nucleoside conjugates. 3. Syntheses and preliminary biological evaluation of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-monophosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin and selected 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-diacylglycerols
 AB Several new phospholipid-ara-C (ara-C = 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine) conjugates have been prepared and tested as prodrugs of the parent ara-C. The new derivs. include ara-CMP-L-dipalmitin, ara-CDP-L-distearin, ara-CDP-L-dimyristin, ara-CDP-L-diolein, and ara-CDP-L-di[1-14C]palmitin. The new prodrugs were solubilized by sonication methods and tested for their antiproliferative activity in vitro against mouse myeloma MPC-11 cells and against L1210 lymphoid leukemia. The antiproliferative activities of the prodrugs (as determined by ED50) were less than ara-C on a molar basis. In the mouse myeloma cell line some evidence was obtained that the antiproliferative activity was related to the chain length of the fatty acid side chains in the prodrugs. In vivo studies against L1210 lymphoid leukemia in mice, the prodrugs were much more effective than ara-C with the overall efficacy apparently being independent of the length of the fatty acid side chain. ara-CDP-L-dimyristin, which bears the shortest fatty acid side chain, was more toxic at the higher dosages than the longer chain length derivs.
 AN 1982:563397 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 97:163397
 OREF 97:27269a
 TI Phospholipid-nucleoside conjugates. 3. Syntheses and preliminary biological evaluation of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-monophosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin and selected 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-diacylglycerols
 AU Ryu, Eung K.; Ross, Robert J.; Matsushita, Tatsuo; MacCoss, Malcolm; Hong, Chung I.; West, Charles R.
 CS Div. Biol. Med. Res., Argonne Natl. Lab., Argonne, IL, 60439, USA
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1982), 25(11), 1322-9
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 83200-41-3P 83214-11-3P 83214-12-4P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and pharmacol. activity of)
 RN 83200-41-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxotetradecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphadocos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, disodium salt, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



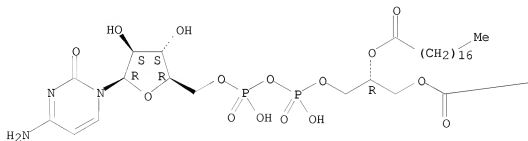
● 2 Na

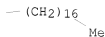


RN 83214-11-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxooctadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphahexacos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

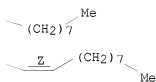
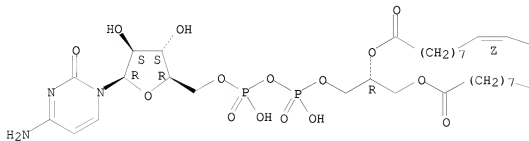




RN 83214-12-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[(1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxa-1,3-diphosphahexacos-17-en-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, [R-(Z,Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

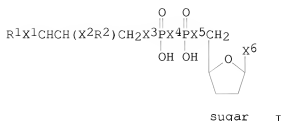
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L27 ANSWER 16 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Cytotoxic liponucleotide analogs

GI



AB Nucleotides of nucleosides or bases having cytotoxic activity are reacted to form corresponding cytotoxic liponucleotides I (R1 and R2 = saturated or unsatd. alkyl; X1 and X2 = O, CH2, O2C, or NHCO; X3, X4, and X5 = O or CH2; X6 = heterocyclic nucleoside base; sugar = ribose, deoxyribose, lyxose, etc.) by phosphorylation of phosphatidic acids. The resulting analogs have an enhanced therapeutic index and broader spectrum of antitumor activity with respect to the parent compound. Thus, various I were synthesized and tested for cytotoxic activities. I may be useful cytotoxic, antiviral, and antineoplastic agents due to their apparent selective uptake by tumor cells.

AN 1982:15214 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 96:15214

OREF 96:2519a,2522a

TI Cytotoxic liponucleotide analogs

IN Turcotte, Joseph G.

PA USA

SO U.S., 13 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 895,231, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

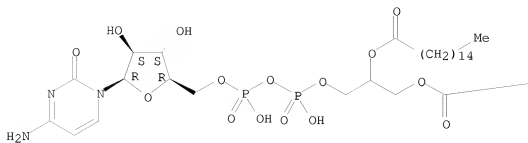
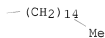
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 4291024	A	19810922	US 1980-113403	19800118 <--
PRAI	US 1978-895231	A1	19780410	<--	
OS	MARPAT 96:15214				
IT	75409-95-9P 75409-96-0P 75409-97-1P 76726-38-0P				
RL:	BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and neoplasm-inhibiting activity of)				
RN	75409-95-9	HCAPLUS			
CN	2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

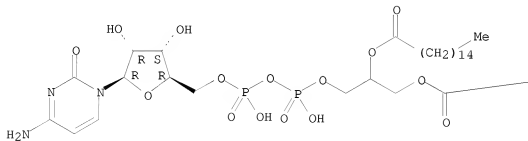
Absolute stereochemistry.

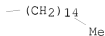
● 2 NH₃

RN 75409-96-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),
 P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● 2 NH₃

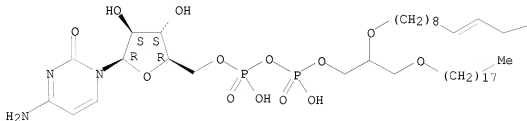
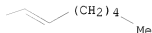


RN 75409-97-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-6-(9,12-octadecadienyloxy)-2,4,8-trioxa-1,3-diphosphahexacos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

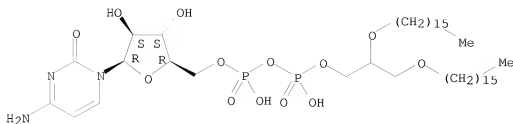
Double bond geometry unknown.

● 2 NH₃

RN 76726-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[6-(hexadecyloxy)-1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-2,4,8-trioxa-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 NH₃

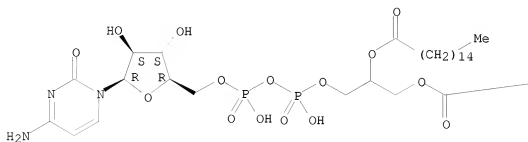
L27 ANSWER 17 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Cytotoxic liponucleotide analogs. II. Antitumor activity of
 CDP-diacylglycerol analogs containing the cytosine arabinoside moiety
 AB Several cytotoxic liponucleotide analogs of cytidine diphosphate
 diacylglycerol containing the 1-β-D-arabinofuranosyl moiety, were tested
 for antitumor activity. Multispecies ara-CDPdiacylglycerol
 (1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-diphosphate diacylglycerol) which
 contains egg lecithin-derived mixed fatty acyl chains, was more active
 than 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C), a clin. used anticancer
 drug, against leukemia L5178Y and P388 ascites cells in mice. At
 identical single doses (50 mg/kg per day times 4) administered i.p.,
 ara-CDPdiacylglycerol prolonged the life spans of L5178Y tumor-bearing
 mice 93%, whereas ara-C prolonged life by 18%. Ara-CDPdiacylglycerol
 increased life spans of P388 tumor-bearing mice by 357% at doses of 50
 mg/kg per day times 4; the maximum increase with ara-C was 159% (85 mg/kg per
 day times 4). Against a P388 ara-C-resistant cell line (P/Ara-C, kinase
 deficient) in mice, ara-CDPdiacylglycerol prolonged survival times by 34%
 at a dose of 50 mg/kg per day times 4 and by 55% at 75 mg/kg per day times
 4; the drug was not active against 2 other ara-C-resistant murine leukemia
 mutants (CA 55, CA5b). With cell line-derived human colon carcinoma
 HCT-15 grown in mice immunosuppressed with anti-thymocyte serum,
 ara-CDPdiacylglycerol at a single daily dose of 50 mg/kg per day times 4
 significantly reduced tumor wts. to 21% of the controls; the same dose
 schedule of ara-C caused no observable redns. of tumor wts. Cytotoxic
 liponucleotide analogs should be investigated further to determine their
 potential as antineoplastic mols.
 AN 1980:597740 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 93:197740
 OREF 93:31379a,31382a
 TI Cytotoxic liponucleotide analogs. II. Antitumor activity of
 CDP-diacylglycerol analogs containing the cytosine arabinoside moiety
 AU Turcotte, J. G.; Srivastava, S. P.; Steim, J. M.; Calabresi, P.; Tibbetts,
 L. M.; Chu, M. Y.
 CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Rhode Island, Kingston, RI, 02881, USA
 SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Lipids and Lipid Metabolism (1980
), 619(3), 619-31
 CODEN: BBLA6; ISSN: 0005-2760
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 75409-95-9 75409-96-0 75409-97-1
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (neoplasm inhibition by)

RN 75409-95-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

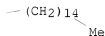
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



● 2 NH₃

PAGE 1-B

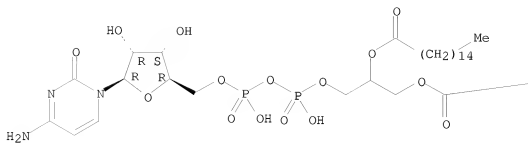


RN 75409-96-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

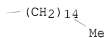
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



● 2 NH3

PAGE 1-B

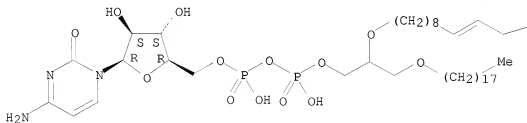


RN 75409-97-1 HCAPLUS

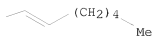
CN 2 (1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-6-(9,12-octadecadienyloxy)-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphahexacos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, diammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A



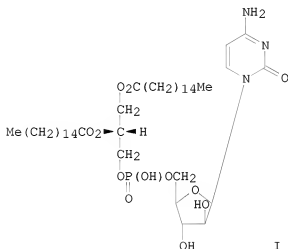
● 2 NH3



L27 ANSWER 18 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI The synthesis, characterization, and preliminary biological evaluation of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin

GI



AB This paper describes the synthesis of a single diastereomer by conversion of ara-CMP [7075-11-8] to the nucleoside 5'-phosphomorpholidate [69467-87-4], followed by reaction with L-α-dipalmitoylphosphatidic acid pyridinium salt [69467-86-3] to give 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin di-Na salt (I) [69483-93-8] in good yields. The separation of the product is described and its characterization by chromatog., elemental anal., and spectroscopic methods. The lipophilic nature of I renders it insol. in aqueous media and a method of sample preparation utilizing sonication

techniques is

described which provides a clear solution suitable for biol. evaluation. In addition, the ability of I to inhibit the in vitro growth of L1210 cells and of mouse myeloma MPC 11 cells is described and compared with ara C [147-94-4] and its lipophilic prodrugs.

AN 1979:145575 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 90:145575

OREF 90:23005a,23008a

TI The synthesis, characterization, and preliminary biological evaluation of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-5'-diphosphate-L-1,2-dipalmitin

AU MacCoss, Malcolm; Ryu, Eung K.; Matsushita, Tatsuo

CS Div. Biol. Med. Res., Argonne Natl. Lab., Argonne, IL, USA

SO Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications (1978), 85(2), 714-23

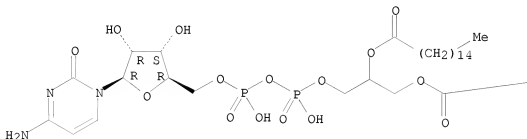
CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

DT Journal

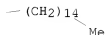
LA English
 IT 3152-52-1
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antineoplastic activity of)
 RN 3152-52-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate),
 P'-[2,3-bis[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

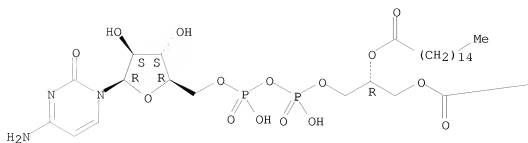


PAGE 1-B

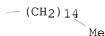


IT 69483-93-8P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and antineoplastic activity of)
 RN 69483-93-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 2 (1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetetracos-1-yl]-β-D-arabinofuranosyl]-, disodium salt, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



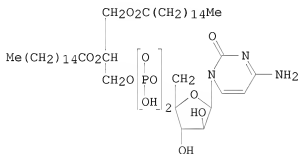
● 2 Na



L27 ANSWER 19 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI A phospholipid derivative of cytosine arabinoside and its conversion to phosphatidylinositol by animal tissue

GI



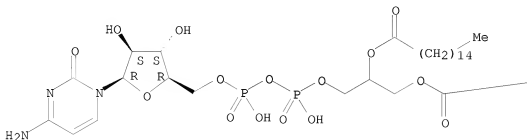
I

AB Ara-CDP-DL-dipalmitin (I) [63357-80-2], an analog of cytidine diphosphate diglyceride, was synthesized. Enzymes in rat and human liver converted I to phosphatidylinositol, thereby releasing ara CMP [9068-49-9] an obligatory intermediate in the activation of ara C. Unlike cytidine diphosphate diglyceride, I was not an efficient substrate for phosphatidylglycerophosphate synthesis in liver or phosphatidylserine in *Escherichia coli*. The antitumor activity of ara-CDP-DL-dipalmitin in mice bearing L5178Y leukemia is described.

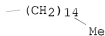
AN 1977:495654 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 87:95654
 OREF 87:15105a,15108a
 TI A phospholipid derivative of cytosine arabinoside and its conversion to
 phosphatidylinositol by animal tissue
 AU Raetz, Christian R. H.; Chu, Ming Y.; Srivastava, Surya P.; Turcotte,
 Joseph G.
 CS Coll. Agric. Life Sci., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, USA
 SO Science (Washington, DC, United States) (1977), 196(4287), 303-5
 CODEN: SCIEAS; ISSN: 0036-8075
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 63357-80-2
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
 study); USES (Uses)
 (as neoplasm inhibitor, conversion to ara CMP and phosphatidylinositols
 in relation to)
 RN 63357-80-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[5-O-[1,3-dihydroxy-1,3-dioxido-9-oxo-6-[(1-
 oxohexadecyl)oxy]-2,4,8-trioxo-1,3-diphosphatetracos-1-yl]-β-D-
 arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2

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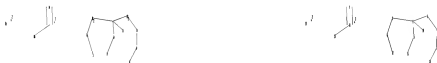
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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10827139diphos.str



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chain bonds :

1-2 1-3 1-5 1-19 2-6 3-4 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10

exact/norm bonds :

1-5 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10

exact bonds :
1-2 1-3 1-19 2-6 3-4

G1:P,[*1],[*2]

Connectivity :
10:1 X maximum RC ring/chain 11:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
Match level :
1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

L28 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 17:29:39 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1609 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1609 ITERATIONS 115 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

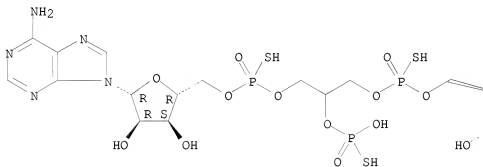
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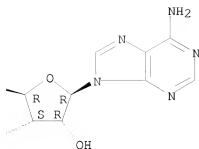
=> d l29 scan

L29 115 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Adenosine, 5',5'''-[O,O'-(2-[(hydroxymercaptophosphinyl)oxy]-1,3-
propanediyl] bis(hydrogen phosphorothioate)] (9CI)
MF C23 H33 N10 O15 P3 S3

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A





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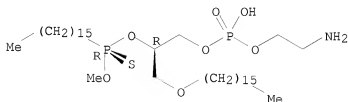
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

L29 115 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Phosphoric acid, mono(2-aminoethyl)
mono[2-[(hexadecylmethoxyphosphinothioyl)oxy]-3-(hexadecyloxy)propyl]
ester, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI)

MF C38 H81 N O7 P2 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

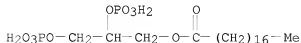


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L29 115 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN Octadecanoic acid, 2,3-bis(phosphonoxy)propyl ester

MF C21 H44 O10 P2



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> file hcaplus		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	43.02	841.12
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Nov 2008 (20081120/ED)

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 129

L30 256 L29

=> s 117 and 130

L31 0 L17 AND L30

=> s hypercholesterolem? or hyperlipidem? or dyslipidem? or cholesterol

18861 HYPERCHOLESTEROLEM?

16996 HYPERLIPIDEM?

8454 DYSLIPIDEM?

192334 CHOLESTEROL

L32 209639 HYPERCHOLESTEROLEM? OR HYPERLIPIDEM? OR DYSLIPIDEM? OR CHOLESTEROL

=> s 130 and 132

L33 4 L30 AND L32

=> d 133 1-4 ti abs bib hitstr

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

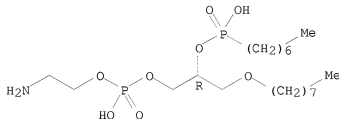
TI Hydration in drug design. 2. Influence of local site surface shape on water binding

AB If water mols. are strongly bound at a protein-ligand interface, they are

unlikely to be displaced during ligand binding. Such water mols. can change the shape of the ligand binding site and thus affect strategies for drug design. To understand the nature of water binding, and factors influencing it, water mols. at the ligand binding sites of 26 high-resolution protein-ligand complexes have been examined here. Water mols. bound in deep grooves and cavities between the protein and the ligand are located in the indentations on the protein-site surface, but not in the indentations on the ligand surface. The majority of the water mols. bound in deep indentations on the protein-site surface make multiple polar contacts with the protein surface. This may indicate a strong binding of water mols. in deep indentations on protein-site surfaces. The local shape of the site surface may influence the binding of water mols. that mediate protein-ligand interactions.

AN 1996:51312 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 124:164308
 OREF 124:30139a,30142a
 TI Hydration in drug design. 2. Influence of local site surface shape on water binding
 AU Poornima, C. S.; Dean, P. M.
 CS Dep. Pharmacology, Univ. Cambridge, Cambridge, CB2 1QJ, UK
 SO Journal of Computer-Aided Molecular Design (1995), 9(6), 513-20
 CODEN: JCADEQ; ISSN: 0920-654X
 PB ESCOM
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 120411-63-4
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (hydration in drug design - influence of local site surface shape on water binding)
 RN 120411-63-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphoric acid, mono(2-aminoethyl)
 mono[(2R)-2-[(heptylhydroxyphosphinyl)oxy]-3-(octyloxy)propyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L33 ANSWER 2 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation of sterol esters and sterol phosphorus compounds as neoplasm inhibitors
 GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds., e.g., I, II, III; R1 = C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkenyl; R2 = R5 (CH:CHCHMe:CH) nCO2, R5 (CH:CHCHMe:CH) n (CH:CHCH:Me) nCH:CHCO2,

R6O2CCH2CH(CO2R6)CH2OP(O)(XNa)O-, OP(O)(XNa)OR6; n = 1-5; R5 = Q1-Q4, etc., R6 = C1-32 alkyl, C2-32 alkenyl, etc.; X = O, S], were prepared. Thus, all-trans-retinoic acid in PhMe containing cat. DMF was stirred 4 h with (COC1)2; stigmaterol and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine in PhMe were added and the mixture was refluxed 2 h to give stigmaterol all-trans-retinoate. Title compds. were active against murine adenocarcinoma at dilns. of (1:400,000)-(1:40,000,000). Generic formulations containing title compds. were prepared

AN 1993:102310 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

DN 118:102310

OREF 118:17940h,17941a

TI Preparation of sterol esters and sterol phosphorus compounds as neoplasm inhibitors

IN Eugster, Carl; Eugster, Conrad Hans; Haldemann, Walter; Rivara, Giorgio

PA Marigen S.A., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

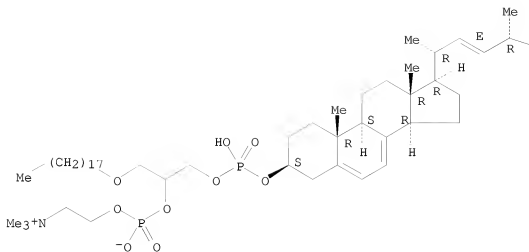
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	EP 548261	A1	19930630	EP 1991-917941	19911025
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	R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
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	JP 2955018	B2	19991004		
	RU 2113219	C1	19980620	RU 1991-5053147	19911025
	US 5496813	A	19960305	US 1992-3997	19920813
PRAI	CH 1991-257	A	19910128		
	WO 1991-CH221	W	19911025		
OS	CASREACT 118:102310; MARPAT 118:102310				
IT	144338-38-5P 144338-39-6P				
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)				
	(preparation of, as neoplasm inhibitor)				
RN	144338-38-5 HCAPLUS				
CN	Ergosta-5,7,22-trien-3-ol, 4-hydroxy-8,8-dimethyl-2-[(octadecyloxy)methyl]-4-oxido-3,5-dioxo-8-azonia-4-phosphanon-1-yl hydrogen phosphate, inner salt, (3 β ,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

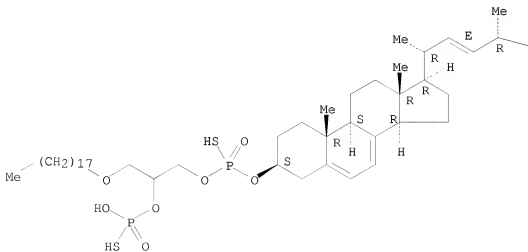
Pr-i

RN 144338-39-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ergosta-5,7,22-trien-3-ol, O-[2-[(hydroxymercaptophosphinyl)oxy]-3-(octadecyloxy)propyl] hydrogen phosphorothioate, (3 β ,22E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

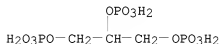
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



Pr-i

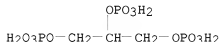
L33 ANSWER 3 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Phospholipides and related substances as growth substrates for soil microorganisms
 AB Actinomycetes isolated from soil were found to grow on media containing (as main C source) the following materials: lecithin; cephalin; inositol lipide; sphingomyelin; sphingolipide; proteolipide; beef spinal cord lipides; phrenosin; purified cerebroside; cholesterol; paraffin; stearate; palmitate; olive oil; bayberry wax; glycerophosphate; choline; acetylcholine; ethylamine, or ethanolamine. Only phrenosin, cholesterol, choline, and ethylamine containing media failed to support the growth of at least 62% of the organisms tested.
 AN 1956:92015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 50:92015
 OREF 50:17274h-i
 TI Phospholipides and related substances as growth substrates for soil microorganisms
 AU Schatz, Albert; Adelson, Lionel M.; Trelawny, Gilbert S.
 CS Natl. Agr. Coll., Doylestown, PA
 SO Applied Microbiology (1956), 4, 223-8
 CODEN: APMBAY; ISSN: 0003-6919
 DT Journal
 LA Unavailable
 IT 152014-30-7, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (metabolism of, by soil micro organisms)
 RN 152014-30-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,2,3-Propanetriol, tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L33 ANSWER 4 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Lipides of fish. VI. The lipides of cod flesh
 AB cf. C.A. 48, 13107g. Cod flesh was extracted successively with a series of solvents and the various exts. were purified, fractionated, and analyzed by the procedures used previously for haddock. Cod flesh contains the same amount of total lipides as haddock flesh (about 0.6%) and the lipide mixture is very similar in the 2 species: lecithin 35, waxes and alcs. 13, free cholesterol 8, phosphatidyl ethanolamine 7, free fatty acids 6, cholesterol esters 5, triglycerides 3, inositol lipides 2, and unidentified lipides 21%. The unidentified lipides of cod flesh resemble those from haddock in containing at least 2 types of phospholipide. One type is apparently based on phosphoryl glycerol but not on normal glycerophosphoric acid, and probably has a fatty acid:glycerol:P ratio approximating 4:2:1. The other type also has a fatty acid:P ratio of about 4:1, but its P-glycerol relationship has not yet been studied. These phospholipides probably contain N, but the bases in question have

not been identified. The inositol lipides of both species include more than 1 type of compound and in the cod such compds. are present in considerably different proportions than those found in haddock flesh exts. Hydrocarbons found in both cod- and haddock-lipide exts. are probably contaminants derived from rubber. Complex acidic lipides occur in the cod exts. as in those from haddock.

AN 1956:25274 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 50:25274
 OREF 50:5175d-g
 TI Lipides of fish. VI. The lipides of cod flesh
 AU Garcia, M. Dolores; Lovern, J. A.; Olley, June
 CS Torry Research Sta., Aberdeen, UK
 SO Biochemical Journal (1956), 62, 99-107
 CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021
 DT Journal
 LA Unavailable
 IT 152014-30-7, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, tris(dihydrogen phosphate)
 (from cod)
 RN 152014-30-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 1,2,3-Propanetriol, tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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=> file stnguide
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS                SINCE FILE    TOTAL
                                     ENTRY    SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST                27.18      868.30

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  SINCE FILE    TOTAL
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE                -3.20      -30.40
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE                0.00      -30.40
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:31:42 ON 21 NOV 2008
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2

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=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10821739diphos2.str



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 17 19 20

```

chain bonds :
1-2 1-3 1-5 1-19 2-6 3-4 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10
exact/norm bonds :
1-5 4-7 5-16 6-17 7-20 8-9 8-10
exact bonds :
1-2 1-3 1-19 2-6 3-4

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G1:P,[*1],[*2]

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Connectivity :
10:1 X maximum RC ring/chain 11:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
Match level :
1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

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L34 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:31:58 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 383 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 383 ITERATIONS 5 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                        BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 6486 TO 8834
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

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L35 5 SEA SSS SAM L34

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FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 17:32:08 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1609 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1609 ITERATIONS 95 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

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L36 95 SEA SUB=L15 SSS FUL L34

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
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FULL ESTIMATED COST 42.56 910.92

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -30.40

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:32:13 ON 21 NOV 2008
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Nov 2008 (20081120/ED)

HCAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 136

L37 238 L36

=> s (117 or 130) and 137

L38 209 (L17 OR L30) AND L37

=> s 136/thu

238 L36

1070979 THU/RL

L39 8 L36/THU

(L36 (L) THU/RL)

=> s (117 or 130) and 139

L40 5 (L17 OR L30) AND L39

=> d 140 1-5 ti abs bib hitstr

L40 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

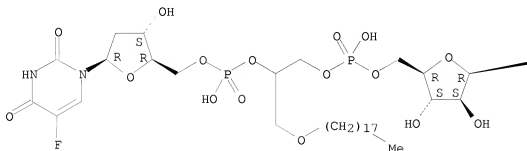
TI In vitro and in vivo antileukemic effect of novel dimers consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine
AB Various amphiphilic heterodinucleoside phosphates containing 1- β -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) and 5-fluorodeoxyuridine (5-FdUrd) have recently been synthesized in order to increase the efficacy of ara-C and 5-FdUrd. Employing growth inhibition and growth recovery assays, we evaluated the in vitro effects of four of these dimers (Number 2, 2A, 3, 10) in L1210 and P388D1 murine leukemia cells. Although ara-C and 5-FdUrd appeared equimolar in all dimers, their contribution to the cytotoxicity of these agents was different. Thus, the liberation of ara-C and 5-FdUrd from their dimeric origin and their subsequent metabolic activation had a different course. In another set of expts., we examined the in vivo effects of these agents in mice. The dimer with the highest cytotoxicity in vitro exerted the lowest acute toxicity and yielded the lowest therapeutic effect in vivo. The obtained data indicate that dimers with slower liberation of ara-C and 5-FdUrd were less cytotoxic, but prolonged liberation of both antimetabolites protected them from inactivation and extended the time period of therapeutic action. Some of the dimers exceeded the synergistic effects yielded by simultaneous application of both ara-C and 5-FdUrd. The significantly higher therapeutic potential of these new antitumor agents indicates that further studies are warranted.

AN 2007:599574 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

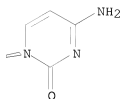
DN 147:203336
 TI In vitro and in vivo antileukemic effect of novel dimers consisting of
 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine
 AU Rauko, P.; Novotny, L.; Mego, M.; Saiko, P.; Schott, H.; Szekeres, T.
 CS Cancer Research Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava, SK-833
 91, Slovakia
 SO Neoplasma (2007), 54(1), 68-74
 CODEN: NEOLA4; ISSN: 0028-2685
 PB AEPRESS, s.r.o.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 830327-11-2
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridylyl-(5'→2)-1-O-octadecyl-rac-glycerlyl-
 (3→5)-arabinocytidine inhibited leukemia cell growth and showed
 anti-leukemic activity in mouse with leukemia)
 RN 830327-11-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Uridine, β-D-arabino-cytidylyloxy[2-[(octadecyloxy)methyl]-1,2-
 ethanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

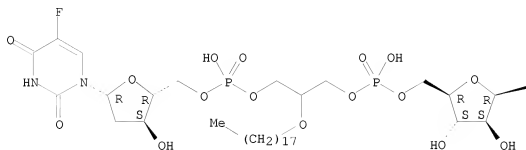


IT 269743-30-8
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (arabinocytidylyl-(5'→1)-2-O-octadecyl-rac-glycerlyl-
 (3→5)-5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine inhibited leukemia cell growth
 and showed anti-leukemic activity in mouse with leukemia)
 RN 269743-30-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Uridine, β-D-arabino-cytidylyloxy[2-(octadecyloxy)-1,3-

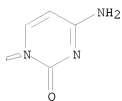
propanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

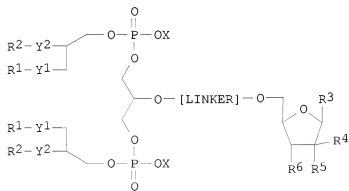


RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L40 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Preparation of nucleoside-lipid conjugates as antiviral and antitumor agents

GI



I

AB The invention provides methods for synthesizing nucleoside-lipid

conjugates I, wherein Y1 and Y2 are the same or different and are -O-C(O)-, -O-, -S-, -NH-C(O)- or the like; R1 and R2 are independently H, saturated alkyl group and unsatd. alkyl group; X is H, alkyl group and a cation; R3 is a nucleoside selected from a group consisting of cytosine, guanine, adenine, thymine, uracil, inosine, xanthine and hypoxanthine; R4 and R5 are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, halo group, nitro, alkyl group, substituted alkyl and alkoxy group; R6 is hydrogen, hydroxy group, azido group, amino group, alkyl group, halo group and substituted amino; five membered cyclic sugar is selected from a group consisting of ribofuranose, arabinofuranose, deoxyribofuranose and xylofuranose having varying fatty acid and alkyl chain lengths with or without unsatn. and their use in the treatment of cancer and viral diseases. More particularly, the invention provides methods for preparing gemcitabine-cardiolipin conjugates, and analogs thereof, cytarabine-cardiolipin conjugates, and analogs thereof. Addnl., the methods of the invention comprise administering a compound of invention as prodrug or a pharmaceutical preparation to combat mammalian diseases, preferably cancer, viral infections and bone disorders. The cancer is selected from a group consisting of cancers of the head, neck, brain, blood, breast, lung, pancreas, bone, spleen, bladder, prostate, testes, colon, kidney ovary, and skin. The viral disease is selected from a group consisting of HIV, Herpes simplex viruses, human Herpes virus 6, human Herpes virus 7, human Herpes virus 8, Ebola virus, Influenza virus, Tuberculosis, Hepatitis A, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, Hepatitis D, Hepatitis E, Parainfluenza virus, Respiratory syncytial virus, Cholera, pneumonia, SARS virus, West Nile virus, Respiratory syncytial virus, Dengue virus, Corona viruses, Vaccinia virus, Cytomegalovirus, human Rhinovirus, Papilloma virus, and Human Herpesvirus 4. The bone disorder is selected from a group consisting of osteoporosis, Paget's disease, metastatic bone cancers, hyperparathyroidism, rheumatoid arthritis, Gaucher's disease. Thus, 5'-O-succinyl[2-O-1,3-bis(1,2-O-dimyrystoyl-sn-glycero)-3-phosphorylglycerol dimethylester] gemcitabine was prepared and tested in-vitro and in mice as antiviral and antitumor agent. The toxicity of gemcitabine-cardiolipin conjugate at 18 μ mol/kg after 6 daily treatments and the body weight loss on day 7 was significantly less compared to gemcitabine. When mice were treated with gemcitabine-cardiolipin conjugate at 18 μ mol/kg for 5 days, the maximum body weight loss was only 3 % compare to 22 % for gemcitabine.

AN 2006:235096 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 144:292980
 TI Preparation of nucleoside-lipid conjugates as antiviral and antitumor agents
 IN Ahmad, Moghis U.; Ali, Shoukath M.; Khan, Abdul R.; Ahmad, Imran
 PA Neopharm, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006029081	A2	20060316	WO 2005-US31543	20050902
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,			

CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2004-606610P P 20040902

OS MARPAT 144:292980

IT 878675-58-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
(Uses)

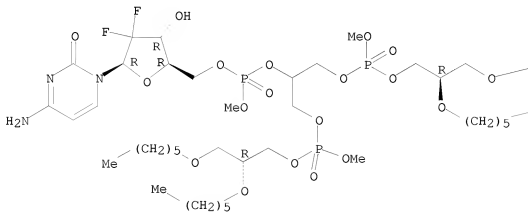
(preparation of nucleoside-lipid conjugates as antiviral and antitumor
agents)

RN 878675-58-2 HCAPLUS

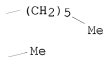
CN 5'-Cytidylic acid, 2'-deoxy-2',2'-difluoro-,
(7R)-7-(hexyloxy)-1-[(6R)-6-(hexyloxy)-3-methoxy-3-oxido-2,4,8-trioxa-3-
phosphatetradec-1-yl]-4-methoxy-4-oxido-3,5,9-trioxa-4-phosphapentadec-1-
yl methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IT 878675-57-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of nucleoside-lipid conjugates as antiviral and antitumor
agents)

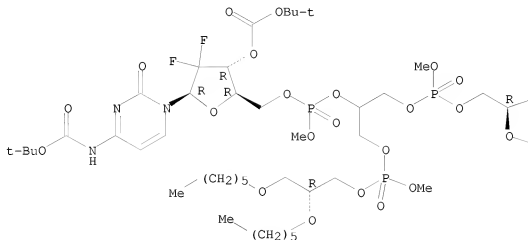
RN 878675-57-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5'-Cytidylic acid, 2'-deoxy-N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-2',2'-
difluoro-, (7R)-7-(hexyloxy)-1-[(6R)-6-(hexyloxy)-3-methoxy-3-oxido-2,4,8-

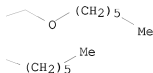
trioxa-3-phosphatetradec-1-yl]-4-methoxy-4-oxido-3,5,9-trioxa-4-phosphapentadec-1-yl methyl ester, 3'-(1,1-dimethylethyl carbonate) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

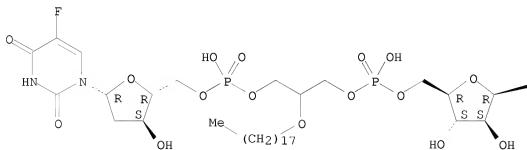


L40 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Cytotoxic and Apoptotic Effects of Novel Heterodinucleoside Phosphates
 Consisting of 5-Fluorodeoxyuridine and Ara-C in Human Cancer Cell Lines
 AB In search for possible alternatives in the treatment of human malignancies
 we investigated several new heterodinucleoside phosphates containing of
 5-Fluorodeoxyuridine (5-FdUrd) and Arabinofuranosylcytosine (Ara-C). We
 show that all dimers tested inhibited the number of colonies of CCL228,
 CCL227, 5-FU resistant CCL227 and HT-29 human colon tumor cells with IC50
 values ranging from 0.65 to 1 nM. Dimer # 2 inhibited the number of
 sensitive and Ara-C resistant H9 human lymphoma cells with IC50 values
 ranging from 200 to 230 nM. Since no significant difference in the
 cytotoxicity of the dimers could be observed between sensitive and resistant
 cells, these compds. might be used in the treatment of 5-FU and Ara-C
 resistant tumors.
 AN 2004:913157 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

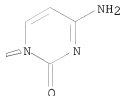
DN 142:148064
 TI Cytotoxic and Apoptotic Effects of Novel Heterodinucleoside Phosphates
 Consisting of 5-Fluorodeoxyuridine and Ara-C in Human Cancer Cell Lines
 AU Saiko, P.; Bauer, W.; Horvath, Z.; Hoechtl, T.; Grusch, M.; Illmer, C.;
 Madlener, S.; Krupitza, G.; Mader, R. M.; Schott, H.; Fritzer-Szekeres,
 M.; Szekeres, T.
 CS Clinical Institute of Med. and Chem. Laboratory Diagnostics, University of
 Vienna, Vienna, Austria
 SO Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2004), 23(8 & 9), 1507-1511
 CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770
 PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 IT 269743-30-8 830327-11-2
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cytotoxic and apoptotic effects of novel heterodinucleoside phosphates
 consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and Ara-C in human cancer)
 RN 269743-30-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Uridine, β -D-arabino-cytidilyloxy[2-(octadecyloxy)-1,3-
 propanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

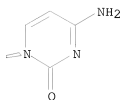
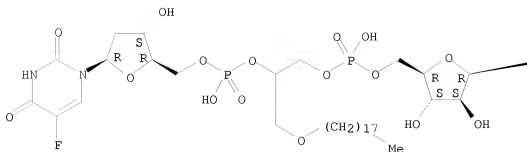


PAGE 1-B



RN 830327-11-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Uridine, β -D-arabino-cytidilyloxy[2-[(octadecyloxy)methyl]-1,2-
 ethanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L40 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

TI In vitro and in vivo antitumor activity of novel amphiphilic dimers consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine

AB Various heterodinucleoside phosphates of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine (5-FdUrd) and arabinofuranosylcytosine (Ara-C) have recently been synthesized as potent chemotherapeutic agents. 5-Fluorodeoxyuridine is being used in patients with colorectal carcinoma, whereas Ara-C is one of the most effective agents in the treatment of hematol. malignancies. We now investigated the action of three novel amphiphilic dimers with different structures in various 5-fluorouracil (5-FU) sensitive and resistant human colon tumor cell lines (CCL228, CCL227, 5-FU resistant CCL227 and HT-29) as well as in L1210 murine leukemia cells. Activity of the heterodimers was determined by clonogenic and growth inhibition assays including the induction of programmed cell death. In addition, the in vivo effects were tested in L1210 leukemia bearing mice. We show that these compds. inhibited the number of colonies of 5-FU sensitive and resistant human colon tumor cell lines with IC50 values ranging from 0.65 to 1 nM. The investigated dimers induced dose-dependent apoptosis in HT-29 colon tumor cells as well as in L1210 leukemia cells. No significant difference in the cytotoxicity of these agents could be observed between 5-FU sensitive and resistant cells, indicating that these compds. might be used in the treatment of 5-FU resistant tumors. In L1210 leukemia bearing mice the survival of tumor-bearing animals was significantly increased in comparison with untreated control animals. We therefore conclude that these new heterodinucleoside phosphates of 5-FdUrd and Ara-C might be an addnl. option for the treatment of sensitive and 5-FU resistant colon cancer and hematol. malignancies.

AN 2004:699885 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

DN 142:86030

TI In vitro and in vivo antitumor activity of novel amphiphilic dimers

consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine

AU Saiko, Philipp; Horvath, Zsuzsanna; Bauer, Wolfgang; Hoechtl, Thomas; Grusch, Michael; Krupitz, Georg; Rauko, Peter; Mader, Robert M.; Jaeger, Walter; Schott, Herbert; Novotny, Ladislav; Fritzer-Szekeres, Monika; Szekeres, Thomas

CS Clinical Institute of Med. and Chem. Laboratory Diagnostics, Medical University of Vienna, Vienna, A-1090, Austria

SO International Journal of Oncology (2004), 25(2), 357-364
CODEN: IJONES; ISSN: 1019-6439

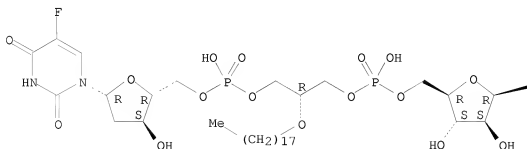
PB International Journal of Oncology
DT Journal
LA English
IT 819805-88-4 819805-89-5
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(in vitro and in vivo antitumor activity of novel amphiphilic dimers consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine)

RN 819805-88-4 HCAPLUS

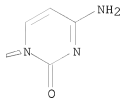
CN Uridine, β -D-arabino-cytidylyloxy[(2R)-2-(octadecyloxy)-1,3-propanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



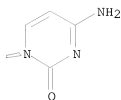
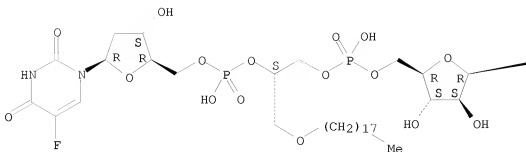
PAGE 1-B



RN 819805-89-5 HCAPLUS

CN Uridine, β -D-arabino-cytidylyloxy[(2S)-2-[(octadecyloxy)methyl]-1,2-ethanediyl]oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L40 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

TI Hard tissue adhesive composition containing acid group-containing polymerizable monomer.

AB Transparent hard tissue adhesives, e.g., for enamel and dentin, with improved bonding durability in water, comprise a water-insol., acid group-containing polymerizable monomer. An adhesive composition was prepared containing

Na 10-methacryloyloxydecyl phosphate, Bis-GMA, HEMA, camphorquinone and DMAB.

AN 2000:865147 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 134:21517

TI Hard tissue adhesive composition containing acid group-containing polymerizable monomer.

IN Nakatsuka, Kazumitsu

PA Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 1057468	A1	20001206	EP 2000-110296	20000523
	EP 1057468	B1	20060719		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY				
	JP 2001049199	A	20010220	JP 2000-143150	20000516
	TW 262795	B	20061001	TW 2000-89109843	20000522
	CA 2309004	A1	20001130	CA 2000-2309004	20000523
	AT 333261	T	20060815	AT 2000-110296	20000523

AU 775989	B2	20040819	AU 2000-36447	20000526
CN 1277834	A	20001227	CN 2000-117988	20000531
CN 1152661	C	20040609		
US 6512068	B1	20030128	US 2000-583767	20000531
HK 1033743	A1	20050324	HK 2001-104295	20010620
PRAI JP 1999-152131	A	19990531		
IT 310411-75-7				

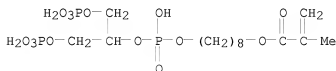
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(hard tissue adhesive composition containing acid group-containing polymerizable

monomer)

RN 310411-75-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 10,15,15-trihydroxy-10,15-dioxido-12-[(phosphonooxy)methyl]-9,11,14-trioxa-10,15-diphosphapentadec-1-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:38:05 ON 21 NOV 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1073589-44-2

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 5, 2008.

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10821739pyrophosphate2.str



```

chain nodes :
1  2  3  4  5   6  7  8  9  10  11  16  17  19  20  21  22  23
chain bonds :
1-2  1-3  1-5   1-19  2-6  3-4  4-7  5-16  6-17  8-9  8-10  16-20  16-22  16-23
20-21

```

```

exact/norm bonds :
1-5  4-7  5-16  6-17  8-9  8-10  16-20  16-22  16-23  20-21
exact bonds :
1-2  1-3  1-19  2-6  3-4

```

```
G1:[*1],[*2]
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Connectivity :
10:1 X maximum RC ring/chain  11:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
Match level :
1:CLASS  2:CLASS  3:CLASS  4:CLASS  5:CLASS  6:CLASS  7:CLASS  8:CLASS  9:CLASS
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS
23:CLASS

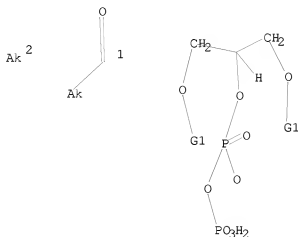
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L41 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l41

L41 HAS NO ANSWERS

L41 STR



G1 [01], [02]

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l41

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:38:31 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 188 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 188 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2938 TO 4582

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L42 0 SEA SSS SAM L41

=> s l41 sss full

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3994 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3994 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L43 0 SEA SSS FUL L41

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

178.36

1119.22

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-34.40

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 17:38:42 ON 21 NOV 2008

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:SSPTAEXO1623

PASSWORD:

***** RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL *****
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 17:41:13 ON 21 NOV 2008
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:41:13 ON 21 NOV 2008
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	178.36	1119.22

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-34.40

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10821739fattyphosphate.str

chain nodes :
2 3 4
chain bonds :
2-3 3-4
exact/norm bonds :
2-3 3-4

G1

Connectivity :
2:1 X maximum RC ring/chain
Match level :
2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS
Generic attributes :
2:
Number of Carbon Atoms : 7 or more

L44 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l44
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:41:41 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 8491 TO ITERATE

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INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

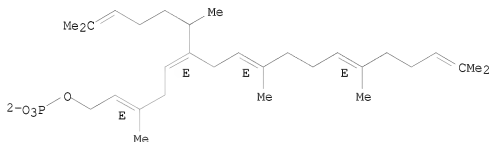
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 164296 TO 175344
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 658 TO 1548

L45 13 SEA SSS SAM L44

=> d l45 scan

L45 13 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN 2,5,8,12,16-Octadecapentaen-1-ol, 6-(1,5-dimethyl-4-hexen-1-yl)-3,9,13,17-tetramethyl-, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate), ion(2-), (2E,5E,8E,12E)-
MF C30 H49 O4 P
CI COM

Double bond geometry as shown.

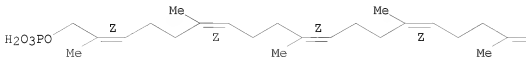


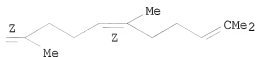
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

L45 13 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN 2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38,42,46-Octatetracontadodecaen-1-ol, 2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,35,39,43,47-dodecamethyl-, dihydrogen phosphate, (2Z,6Z,10Z,14Z,18Z,22Z,26Z,30Z,34E,38E,42E)- (9CI)
MF C60 H99 O4 P
CI COM

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

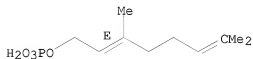




PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

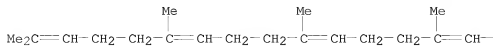
L45 13 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 IN 2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate), sodium salt
 (1:2), (2E)-
 MF C10 H19 O4 P . 2 Na

Double bond geometry as shown.



● 2 Na

L45 13 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 IN 2,6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38,42,46,50,54,58,62,66,70-Diheptacontaoctadecaen-
 1-ol, 3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31,35,39,43,47,51,55,59,63,67,71-octadecamethyl-,
 dihydrogen phosphate, diammonium salt (9CI)
 MF C90 H147 O4 P . 2 H3 N



● 2 NH3

$$\text{---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{}$$
$$\text{---CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}$$
$$\text{---C(Me)=CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---C(Me)=CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---C(Me)=CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---C(Me)=CH---CH}_2\text{---}$$
$$\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---CH}_2\text{---}\overset{\text{Me}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}=\text{CH---CH}_2\text{---OPO}_3\text{H}_2$$

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 171848 TO ITERATE
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100.0% PROCESSED    171848 ITERATIONS                1484 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.04
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	ENTRY	SESSION	
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-34.40	

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:42:20 ON 21 NOV 2008

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Nov 2008 (20081120/ED)

HCAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> s l46/thu
      3738 L46
      1070979 THU/RL
L47    95 L46/THU
      (L46 (L) THU/RL)
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=> s cholesterol or hyperlipidem? or atherosclerosis or neointim? or artery or
arterial
      192334 CHOLESTEROL
      16996 HYPERLIPIDEM?
      63834 ATHEROSCLEROSIS
      3676 NEOINTIM?
      151893 ARTERY
      100583 ARTERIAL
L48    428791 CHOLESTEROL OR HYPERLIPIDEM? OR ATHEROSCLEROSIS OR NEOINTIM? OR
      ARTERY OR ARTERIAL
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=> s l47 and l48
L49    7 L47 AND L48
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```
=> d l49 1-7 ti abs bib hitstr
```

```
L49  ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI   Formulations of active principles incorporated in solid lipid
nanoparticles suitable for transdermal administration
AB   The present invention relates to formulations suitable for transdermal
administration containing solid lipid nanoparticles which contain active
principles with a very short half-life and/or drugs with high activity. A
microemulsion was prepared containing Epikuron-200 4.9%, stearic acid 4.56%,
benzoic acid 4.2%, melatonin 3.1%, sodium taurocholate 7.1%, and water
76.2%.
AN   2008:447484 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
DN   148:410811
TI   Formulations of active principles incorporated in solid lipid
nanoparticles suitable for transdermal administration
```

IN Gasco, Maria Rosa
 PA Nanovector S.r.l., Italy
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 13pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2008041116	A2	20080410	WO 2007-IB2971	20071005
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRAI	IT 2006-MI1918	A	20061006		
IT	3539-43-3, Hexadecyl phosphate				
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (formulations of active principles incorporated in solid lipid nanoparticles suitable for transdermal administration)				
RN	3539-43-3 HCAPLUS				
CN	1-Hexadecanol, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate) (CA INDEX NAME)				

H₂O₃PO⁻ (CH₂)₁₅-Me

L49 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 TI Contrast agents for myocardium perfusion diagnostic imaging
 AB The present invention is directed, in part, to compds. and methods for diagnostic imaging, comprising administering to a patient a contrast agent which has an overall neg. charge.
 AN 2007:673645 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 147:90164
 TI Contrast agents for myocardium perfusion diagnostic imaging
 IN Edwards, D. Scott; Casebier, David S.
 PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharma Company, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 54pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007070827	A2	20070621	WO 2006-US62006	20061213
	WO 2007070827	A3	20071011		
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TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
 US 20070140973 A1 20070621 US 2006-610216 20061213
 PRAI US 2005-750654P P 20051215
 OS MARPAT 147:90164
 IT 5116-94-9
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (contrast agent containing; contrast agents for myocardium perfusion
 diagnostic imaging)
 RN 5116-94-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Tridecanol, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate) (CA INDEX NAME)

H₂O₃PO⁻ (CH₂)₁₂-Me

L49 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Methods for concentration and extraction of lubricity compounds and
 biologically active fractions from naturally derived fats, oils and
 greases
 AB Methods for recovery of concs. of lubricating compds. and biol. active
 compds. from vegetable and animal oils, fats and greases that allow separation
 of triglycerides, from components with higher lubricity or biol. activity
 or enrichment protocols that increase the concentration of high lubricity or
 biol. active compds. in the triglyceride. The triglycerides are
 transesterified with a lower alc. to produce alkyl esters. Following the
 conversion process the esters are separated from high mol. weight high
 lubricity
 compds. and biol. active compds. by distillation The esters have some
 lubricity
 and may be sold as pollution reducing fuel components. The high b.p.
 compds. that are the residues of distillation, however, can either contribute
 significant lubricity and may be used widely in lubricant applications or
 added to petroleum fuels to decrease friction or the biol. active
 components may be used in nutritional, cosmetic and therapeutic
 applications. Therapeutic applications include use in human diets to
 lower cholesterol.
 AN 2007:611270 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
 DN 147:55135
 TI Methods for concentration and extraction of lubricity compounds and
 biologically active fractions from naturally derived fats, oils and
 greases
 IN Reaney, Martin J.; Piette, Gabriel; Hertz, Phillip Barry; Westcott, Neil
 D.
 PA Her Majesty In Right of Canada as Represented by the Minister of
 Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Can.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007062512	A1	20070607	WO 2006-CA1938	20061130

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RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

US 20070124991 A1 20070607 US 2005-290781 20051201
US 20070124992 A1 20070607 US 2006-600747 20061117
CA 2631134 A1 20070607 CA 2006-2631134 20061130
EP 1969101 A1 20080917 EP 2006-817666 20061130

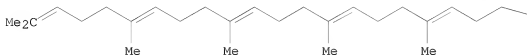
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PRAI US 2005-290781 A 20051201
US 2006-600747 A 20061117
WO 2006-CA1938 W 20061130

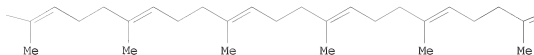
IT 34457-14-2P, Dolichol phosphate
RL: FFD (Food or feed use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PUR (Purification or recovery); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(methods for concentration and extraction of lubricity comps. and biol. active fractions from naturally derived fats, oils and greases)

RN 34457-14-2 HCAPLUS
CN 6,10,14,18,22,26,30,34,38,42,46,50,54,58,62,66,70,74,78-Octacontanonadecaen-1-ol,
3,7,11,15,19,23,27,31,35,39,43,47,51,55,59,63,67,71,75,79-eicosamethyl-,
1-(dihydrogen phosphate) (CA INDEX NAME)

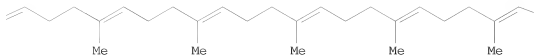
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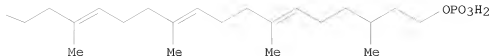


PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C





RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS APPEAR IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

TI Serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for the delivery of oligonucleotide drugs

AB The invention concerns amphoteric liposomes for the formulation of at least one oligonucleotide drug in an aqueous medium inside the liposomes; the liposomes are composed of membranes containing: (a) 20-65 mol% of neutral lipids; (b) cholesterol 35-45 mol%; and as charge carrying lipids either (c) 5-20 mol% amphoteric lipids; or (d) 15-45 of a mixture including cationic and anionic lipids. Formulations are prepared for DNA, RNA, antisense oligonucleotides, aptamers, spiegelmers. Encapsulated oligonucleotides can be also used for transfection. A typical liposome has a molar composition of DMPC/4-(2-aminoethyl)-morpholino-cholesterol/hemisuccinate/DMPS/cholesterol 40/10/10/40.

AN 2006:446145 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>

DN 144:456558

TI Serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for the delivery of oligonucleotide drugs

PA Novosom AG, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 16 pp., Addn. to Ger. Offen 102,004,016,020.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 102004054730	A1	20060511	DE 2004-102004054730	20041105
	DE 102004016020	A1	20051110	DE 2004-102004016020	20040328
	AU 2005229485	A2	20051013	AU 2005-229485	20050329
	AU 2005229485	A1	20051013		
	CA 2561247	A1	20051013	CA 2005-2561247	20050329
	WO 2005094783	A2	20051013	WO 2005-DE589	20050329
	WO 2005094783	A3	20060302		
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	EP 1734928	A2	20061227	EP 2005-740433	20050329
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	JP 2007530462	T	20071101	JP 2007-504251	20050329
PRAI	DE 2004-102004016020	A1	20040328		

DE 2004-102004054730 A 20041105
 WO 2005-DE589 W 20050329
 IT 3539-43-3
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for delivery of oligonucleotide
 drugs)
 RN 3539-43-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Hexadecanol, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate) (CA INDEX NAME)

H₂O₃PO⁻ (CH₂)₁₅-Me

L49 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation method for collagenase double emulsion
 AB The title double emulsion is composed of collagenase as active ingredient,
 bacteriostatic agent, and medicinal adjuvants. The preparation method
 comprises: (1) preparing aqueous solution with collagenase, dividing into W1
 and W2,
 (2) preparing oil solution with phenylethanol, (3) adding lipophilic
 emulsifying
 agent into the W1 and the oil solution to obtain W1/O type emulsion, (4)
 emulsifying the W1/O and W2 with hydrophilic emulsifying agent to obtain
 the form of W1/O/W2 double emulsion, with a particle diameter less than 1
 μm. The preparation is capable of improving the skin or mucosal
 permeability of drug, reducing the irritation to skin, increasing the
 absorption and bioavailability of drug, and reducing the side toxic
 effects. The emulsion also has long action and
 sustained/controlled-release effect. With the addition of bacteriostatic
 agent, the preparation is capable of protecting the wound from infection to
 facilitate wound healing.
 AN 2005:1298279 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>
 DN 144:57501
 TI Preparation method for collagenase double emulsion
 IN Wang, Li; Han, Qinghui
 PA Shanghai Joy Biophar. Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China; Huang, Weihong
 SO Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 10 pp.
 CODEN: CNXXEV
 DT Patent
 LA Chinese
 FAN.CNT 1

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PI	CN 1579547	A	20050216	CN 2003-142069	20030805
PRAI	CN 2003-142069		20030805		
IT	7423-32-7, Sodium lauryl phosphate				
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				
	(preparation method for collagenase double emulsion)				
RN	7423-32-7 HCAPLUS				
CN	Phosphoric acid, monododecyl ester, sodium salt (1:2) (CA INDEX NAME)				

H₂O₃PO⁻ (CH₂)₁₁-Me

L49 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN

TI Serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for the delivery of oligonucleotides

AB The invention relates to amphoteric liposomal formulations which are provided with great serum stability and are suitable for the intracellular delivery of oligonucleotides. The serum-stable liposomal formulations with at least one active substance in their aqueous inner part are prepared

from

(a1) neutral lipids at 10-30 mol% in the membrane; (b1) cholesterol at 30-50 mol% in the membrane; or (a2) amphoteric lipids at 5-30 mol%; (b2) mixture of anionic and cationic lipids at maximum 50 mol%; (c) at least one oligonucleotide. The formulations are applied i.v. Thus liposomes were prepared; a mixture of DMPC/MoChol/DGSucc/Chol 40:10:10:40 mol% was used to encapsulate Cy5.5-labeled CD40 antisense -oligonucleotide.

AN 2005:1103545 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081121>>

DN 143:392968

TI Serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for the delivery of oligonucleotides

IN Endert, Gerold; Kerwitz, Yvonne; Fellermeier, Monika

PA Novosom AG, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 2

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	DE 102004016020	A1	20051110	DE 2004-102004016020	20040328
	DE 102004054730	A1	20060511	DE 2004-102004054730	20041105
	AU 2005229485	A2	20051013	AU 2005-229485	20050329
	AU 2005229485	A1	20051013		
	CA 2561247	A1	20051013	CA 2005-2561247	20050329
	EP 1734928	A2	20061227	EP 2005-740433	20050329
	R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
	JP 2007530462	T	20071101	JP 2007-504251	20050329
	IN 2006DN05781	A	20070831	IN 2006-DN5781	20061005
PRAI	DE 2004-102004016020	A	20040328		
	DE 2004-102004054730	A	20041105		
	WO 2005-DE589	W	20050329		
IT	3539-43-3				
	RL:	THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)			
		(serum-stable amphoteric liposomes for delivery of oligonucleotides)			
RN	3539-43-3	HCAPLUS			
CN	1-Hexadecanol, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate)	(CA INDEX NAME)			

H₂O₃PO- (CH₂)₁₅-Me

L49 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Compositions and methods for treating elevated blood cholesterol
AB The present invention relates to compns. and methods for treating elevated blood cholesterol in a mammal while counteracting the occurrence of potentially adverse side effects such as myopathy. The compns. useful herein comprise the combination of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl CoA reductase inhibitor ("HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor") and a geranylgeraniol compound to a mammal in need thereof. A tablet contained simvastatin 10, geranylgeraniol 0.75, BHA 0.02, ascorbic acid 2.5, citric acid 1.25, microcryst. cellulose 5, pregel starch 10, Mg stearate 0.5, and lactose 74.73 mg.
AN 1999:819245 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081121>>
DN 132:54899
TI Compositions and methods for treating elevated blood cholesterol
IN Scolnick, Edward M.
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

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	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2335366	A1	19991229	CA 1999-2335366	19990621
	AU 9946989	A	20000110	AU 1999-46989	19990621
	AU 754767	B2	20021121		
	EP 1089731	A1	20010411	EP 1999-930451	19990621
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	JP 2002518448	T	20020625	JP 2000-555615	19990621
PRAI	US 1998-90527P	P	19980624		
	GB 1998-17167	A	19980806		
	WO 1999-US13887	W	19990621		

OS MARPAT 132:54899
IT 68982-81-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(compns. containing HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor and geranylgeraniol compds. for treating elevated blood cholesterol)

RN 68982-81-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6,10,14-Hexadecatetraen-1-ol, 3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-, 1-(dihydrogen phosphate), (2E,6E,10E)- (CA INDEX NAME)

=> file registry
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 NOV 2008 HIGHEST RN 1074766-44-1

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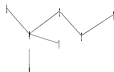
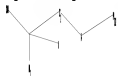
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chain nodes :
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exact bonds :
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Match level :
1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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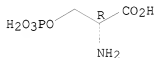
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PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2 TO 124

L2 2 SEA \$\$\$ SAM L1

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CI COM

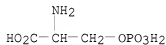
Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L2 2 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Serine, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), barium salt (1:1) (9CI)
MF C3 H8 N O6 P . Ba



● Ba

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
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Connecting via Winsock to STN

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PASSWORD:

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:34:59 ON 24 NOV 2008
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.46	0.67

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E1      1      SERINE PHOSPHATE, L-/CN
E2      1      SERINE PHOSPHOLIPID PHOSPHOLIPASE A1/CN
E3      0 --> SERINE PHOSPHORIC ACID/CN
E4      1      SERINE PROTEASE/CN
E5      1      SERINE PROTEASE (ACINETOBACTER BAUMANNII STRAIN ATCC 17978)/CN
E6      1      SERINE PROTEASE (ACINETOBACTER STRAIN ADP1)/CN
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E11     1      SERINE PROTEASE (AEROMONAS SALMONICIDA SUBSP. SALMONICIDA GENES ASPA)/CN
E12     1      SERINE PROTEASE (AGROBACTERIUM TUMEFACIENS STRAIN C58 GENE ATU4566)/CN
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=> exp serine phosph/cn
E1      1      SERINE PEPTIDASE, CLAN SP, FAMILY S59 (LEISHMANIA MAJOR STRAIN FRIEDLIN)/CN
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E3      0 --> SERINE PHOSPH/CN
E4      2      SERINE PHOSPHATASE/CN
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E1      1      SERINE PHOSPHATASE, REGULATOR OF SIGMA SUBUNIT (LEPTOSPIRA BORGESERSENII HARDJO-BOVIS STRAIN JB197)/CN
E2      1      SERINE PHOSPHATASE, REGULATOR OF SIGMA SUBUNIT (LEPTOSPIRA BORGESERSENII HARDJO-BOVIS STRAIN L550)/CN
E3      0 --> SERINE PHOSPHATE/CN
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 E7 1 SERINE PROTEASE/CN
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L3 1 "SERINE PHOSPHATE, L-/CN

=> d l3

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 407-41-0 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN L-Serine, O-phosphono- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN L-Serine, dihydrogen phosphate (ester) (9CI)

CN Serine phosphate, L- (6CI)

CN Serine, dihydrogen phosphate (ester), L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 3-O-Phosphoserine

CN Dexfosfoserine

CN Fosforina

CN L-3-Phosphoserine

CN L-O-Phosphoserine

CN L-O-Serine phosphate

CN L-Phosphoserine

CN L-Serinephosphoric acid

CN L-Seryl phosphate

CN O-Phospho-L-serine

CN O-Phosphoryl-L-serine

CN O-Phosphorylserine

CN Phospho-L-serine

CN Serine dihydrogen phosphate (ester)

CN Serine O-phosphate

CN Seriphos

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 474519-60-3, 7331-08-0, 1118-86-1, 72909-32-1

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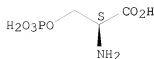
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(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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 104 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 2193 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
 78 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> file hcaplus
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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ENTRY	SESSION
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Nov 2008 VOL 149 ISS 22
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Nov 2008 (20081123/ED)

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=> s l3/thu
      2193 L3
      1071330 THU/RL
L4      60 L3/THU
          (L3 (L) THU/RL)
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UNMATCHED LEFT PARENTHESIS 'AND (PY<2003'
The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the
number of left parentheses.
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=> s l4 and (PY<2003 or AY<2003 or PRY<2003)
22961900 PY<2003
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4500211 AY<2003
3968587 PRY<2003

L5 31 L4 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

=> d 15 1-31 ti abs bib

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antibody-label complexes and methods for antigen or ligand immunolabeling or detection, diagnosis and therapy

AB The present invention provides labeling reagents and methods for labeling primary antibodies and for detecting a target in a sample using an immuno-labeled complex that comprises a target-binding antibody and one or more labeling reagents. The labeling reagents comprise monovalent antibody fragments or non-antibody monomeric proteins whereby the labeling reagents have affinity for a specific region of the target-binding antibody and are covalently attached to a label. Typically, the labeling reagent is an anti-Fc Fab or Fab' fragment that was generated by immunizing a goat or rabbit with the Fc fragment of an antibody. The present invention provides for discrete subsets of labeling reagent and immuno-labeled complexes that facilitate the simultaneous detection of multiple targets in a sample wherein the immuno-labeled complexes are distinguished by (i) a ratio of label to labeling reagent, or (ii) a phys. property of said label, or (iii) a ratio of labeling reagent to said target-binding antibody, or (iv) by said target-binding antibody. This is particularly useful for fluorophore labels that can be attached to labeling reagents and subsequently immuno-labeled complexes in ratios for the detection of multiple targets.

AN 2007:1334578 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
DN 148:9415

TI Antibody-label complexes and methods for antigen or ligand immunolabeling or detection, diagnosis and therapy

IN Beechem, Joseph; Hagen, David; Johnson, Iain

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 74pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 467,550.
CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 20070269902	A1	20071122	US 2003-666291	20030917 <--
	US 20030073149	A1	20030417	US 2002-118204	20020405 <--
	WO 2003030817	A2	20030417	WO 2002-US31416	20021002 <--
	WO 2003030817	A3	20030918		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	US 20050069962	A1	20050331	US 2004-467550	20041012 <--
	JP 2007183291	A	20070719	JP 2007-83130	20070327 <--
FRAI	US 2001-329068P	P	20011012	<--	
	US 2002-369418P	P	20020401	<--	
	US 2002-118204	A2	20020405	<--	
	WO 2002-US31416	W	20021002	<--	
	US 2004-467550	A2	20041012		

JP 2003-533851 A3 20021002 <--
OS MARPAT 148:9415

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Method for purification of naturally phosphorylated peptide micelle and its uses

AB An invention involving a procedure for the preparation of phosphorylated peptides starting from hydrolyzate casein to obtain a peptidic micelle with a high degree of purity and solubility. The micelle contains a high percentage of phosphoserine of at least 25%. The micelle may be used for intestinal absorption of iron, calcium, gold, lithium, magnesium, and zinc, and for the delivery of caffeine nicotinate in the treatment of impotence.

AN 2003:995494 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 140:19807

TI Method for purification of naturally phosphorylated peptide micelle and its uses

IN Galzigna, Lauro

PA Medestea Internazionale S.r.l., Italy

SO Ital., 21 pp.

CODEN: ITXXBY

DT Patent

LA Italian

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	IT 1305125	B1	20010410	IT 1998-T0891	19981021 <--
	IT 98T00891	A1	20000421		
	CA 2286971	A1	20000421	CA 1999-2286971	19991020 <--
PRAI	IT 1998-T0891	A	19981021	<--	

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Human cDNAs encoding separase, methods for modulation of separase activity in sister chromatid DNA separation, and uses thereof

AB The invention provides nucleic acid mols., designated separase nucleic acid mols., which encode separase, an endopeptidase that modulates sister chromatid separation. The invention also provides recombinant expression vectors containing separase nucleic acid mols. and host cells into which the expression vectors have been introduced. The invention still further provides separase proteins, fusion proteins, antigenic peptides and anti-separase antibodies. The invention also provides methods for the identification of modulators of separase, methods of modulating separase, methods of modulating sister chromatid separation at metaphase, and methods for the treatment of disorders related to aberrant sister chromatid separation, such as cancer, Down's syndrome, and spontaneous fetal abortion. Sister chromatid cohesion is mediated by a multiprotein complex, cohesin. At the metaphase to anaphase transition in vertebrates, cohesin complexes in centromeric regions are removed by cleavage of the cohesin subunit SCC1 by a cysteine endopeptidase, separase. Before anaphase, separase is inhibited by association with the inhibitor securin and by CDC2/cyclinB1-mediated phosphorylation of separase. Human separase cDNA containing a putative unspliced intron was cloned and an expression vector was developed for an in vitro separase activity assay. In cell exts. with high CDC2 activity, separase was inactive even in the absence of securin and some cleavage,, possibly self-cleavage, of separase was observed. Phosphopeptide mapping and site-directed mutagenesis demonstrated that inhibitory phosphorylation of separase is due to phosphorylation at serine residue 1126 and threonine residue 1346. Phosphorylation site mutants rescued sister chromatid separation and cohesin cleavage in a cell extract with high CDC2 activity.

AN 2003:491423 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 139:65403
 TI Human cDNAs encoding separase, methods for modulation of separase activity
 in sister chromatid DNA separation, and uses thereof
 IN Kirschner, Marc W.; Stemmann, Olaf; Zou, Hui; Gygi, Steven P.
 PA President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA; Gerber, Scott A.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.
 CODEN: PIIXXD2

DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003052120	A2	20030626	WO 2002-US40085	20021216 <--
	WO 2003052120	A3	20041007		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2002364169	A1	20030630	AU 2002-364169	20021216 <--
	US 20030148462	A1	20030807	US 2002-320175	20021216 <--
PRAI	US 2001-340682P	P	20011214	<--	
	WO 2002-US40085	W	20021216	<--	

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Human G protein-coupled receptor kinase gene 69087, nuclear protein gene 15821, and protein kinase phosphatase gene 15418 and their uses
 AB The invention provides isolated nucleic acids mols. for gene 69087, which encodes a G protein coupled receptor kinase, gene 15821, which encodes a nuclear signaling protein, and gene 15418, which encodes a mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphatase. The invention also provides antisense nucleic acid mols., recombinant expression vectors containing genes 69087, 15821, or 15418, host cells into which the expression vectors have been introduced, and non-human transgenic animals in which a gene 69087, 15821, or 15418 has been introduced or disrupted. The invention still further provides isolated proteins encoded by genes 69087, 15821, and 15418, fusion proteins, antigenic peptides and antibodies. Diagnostic methods utilizing compns. of the invention are also provided. Methods for modulating activity, expression, and cellular responses to these genes are claimed. In addition, the invention claims use of these genes in drug screening and therapy.

AN 2002:674778 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>
 DN 137:212032

TI Human G protein-coupled receptor kinase gene 69087, nuclear protein gene 15821, and protein kinase phosphatase gene 15418 and their uses
 IN Kapeller-Libermann, Rosana; Bandaru, Rajasekhar
 PA Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 98 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20020123464	A1	20020905	US 2001-44205	20011022 <--
	US 6984502	B2	20060110		

WO 2002095032 A2 20021128 WO 2001-US51623 20011022 <--
 WO 2002095032 A3 20040115
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 AU 2001297794 A1 20021203 AU 2001-297794 20011022 <--
 PRAI US 2000-241884P P 200001019 <--
 US 2000-241877P P 200001020 <--
 US 2000-242428P P 200001023 <--
 WO 2001-US51623 W 20011022 <--
 RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Vaccines comprising hydrophobic liquid carrier, liposome, antigen and adjuvant
 AB The present invention is concerned with vaccines and their preparation. An effective long-term immune response, especially in mammals, can be produced using a vaccine comprising an antigen encapsulated in liposomes, a suitable adjuvant and a carrier comprising a continuous phase of a hydrophobic substance. The vaccine is particularly effective in eliciting the production of antibodies that recognize epitopes of native proteins. The antigen is viral, bacterial, protozoal or mammalian antigen such as zona pellucida, alc. dehydrogenase, hepatitis B or streptokinase; the liposome comprises unesterified cholesterol and a phospholipid selected from phosphoglycerol, phosphoethanolamine, phosphoserine, phosphocholine and phosphoinositol; the hydrophobic liquid carrier is an oil (mineral oil, vegetable oil or nut oil) or water-in-oil emulsion; and the adjuvant is alum or aluminum compound or TiterMax. A long-term immunocontraceptive for mammal comprising zona pellucida is disclosed.

AN 2002:368338 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 136:368452
 TI Vaccines comprising hydrophobic liquid carrier, liposome, antigen and adjuvant
 IN Brown, Robert George; Pohajdak, William; Kimmins, Warwick Charles
 PA Immunovaccine Technologies Inc., Can.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002038175	A1	20020516	WO 2001-CA1530	20011031 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2428103	A1	20020516	CA 2001-2428103	20011031 <--

AU 2002014861	A	20020521	AU 2002-14861	20011031 <--
EP 1333858	A1	20030813	EP 2001-983349	20011031 <--
EP 1333858	B1	20060208		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2004512384	T	20040422	JP 2002-540757	20011031 <--
JP 4164361	B2	20081015		
AT 317267	T	20060215	AT 2001-983349	20011031 <--
ES 2258108	T3	20060816	ES 2001-983349	20011031 <--
AU 2002214861	B2	20060928	AU 2002-214861	20011031 <--
US 20020110568	A1	20020815	US 2001-992149	20011106 <--
US 6793923	B2	20040921		
US 20050019339	A1	20050127	US 2004-925269	20040824 <--
PRAI US 2000-246075P	P	20001107	<--	
US 2001-307159P	P	20010724	<--	
WO 2001-CA1530	W	20011031	<--	
US 2001-992149	A3	20011106	<--	

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Composition and method for the repair and regeneration of cartilage and other tissues based on a polymer gel
AB The present invention relates to a new method for repairing human or animal tissues such as cartilage, meniscus, ligament, tendon, bone, skin, cornea, periodontal tissues, abscesses, resected tumors, and ulcers. The method comprises the step of introducing into the tissue a temperature-dependent polymer gel composition such that the composition adhere to the tissue and promote support for cell proliferation for repairing the tissue. Other than a polymer, the composition preferably comprises a blood component such as whole blood, processed blood, venous blood, arterial blood, blood from bone, blood from bone-marrow, bone marrow, umbilical cord blood, placenta blood, erythrocytes, leukocytes, monocytes, platelets, fibrinogen, thrombin and platelet rich plasma. The present invention also relates to a new composition to be used with the method of the present invention. For example, chondral defects with perforations to the subchondral bone of rabbits were treated with a peripheral blood/chitosan-glyceryl phosphate mixture that was delivered as a liquid, and allowed to solidify in situ. After 5-8 wk healing, the blood/chitosan-treated defects were filled with repair tissue having the appearance of hyaline, a glycosaminoglycan (GAG)-rich cartilage repair tissue, which adhered to the defect surfaces, and filled the defects. Repair tissue from the untreated defects (control) had the appearance of fibro-cartilage, with particularly no metachromatic staining for GAG, and only partial defect filling.

AN 2002:10323 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
DN 136:74708
TI Composition and method for the repair and regeneration of cartilage and other tissues based on a polymer gel
IN Hoemann, Caroline D.; Buschmann, Michael D.; McKee, Marc D.
PA Biosyntech Canada Inc., Can.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002000272	A2	20020103	WO 2001-CA959	20010629 <--
	WO 2002000272	A3	20020808		

W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW						
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CA	2412505	A1	20020103	CA	2001-2412505	20010629	<--
US	20020082220	A1	20020627	US	2001-896912	20010629	<--
EP	1294414	A2	20030326	EP	2001-947086	20010629	<--
EP	1294414	B1	20060315				
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JP	2004501682	T	20040122	JP	2002-505053	20010629	<--
NZ	523763	A	20050225	NZ	2001-523763	20010629	<--
AT	320277	T	20060415	AT	2001-947086	20010629	<--
AU	2001268882	B2	20060706	AU	2001-268882	20010629	<--
PT	1294414	T	20060731	PT	2001-947086	20010629	<--
ES	2260241	T3	20061101	ES	2001-947086	20010629	<--
BR	2001012109	A	20070529	BR	2001-12109	20010629	<--
MX	2003PA00203	A	20040913	MX	2003-PA203	20021219	<--
IN	2003KN00072	A	20040814	IN	2003-KN72	20030120	<--
ZA	2003000597	A	20040219	ZA	2003-597	20030122	<--
HK	1055563	A1	20060526	HK	2003-106897	20030925	<--
US	20060029578	A1	20060209	US	2005-31325	20050107	<--
US	7148209	B2	20061212				
US	20070037737	A1	20070215	US	2006-584870	20061023	<--
FRAI	US 2000-214717P	P	20000629	<--			
	US 2001-896912	B1	20010629	<--			
	WO 2001-CA959	W	20010629	<--			
	US 2005-31325	A1	20050107				

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI The antianxiety-like effects of antagonists of group I and agonists of group II and III metabotropic glutamate receptors after intrahippocampal administration

AB Rationale: Substances acting as agonists of group II mGlu receptors with joint group I mGlu receptor antagonist effects, or group II mGlu receptors agonists, were shown to induce antianxiety-like effect in rats after intrahippocampal administration. Objective: The present study was undertaken to establish whether a more selective group I, II, III mGlu receptors agonists/antagonists induce anxiolytic-like effects after injection to the hippocampus. Methods: (S)-4-Carboxyphenylglycine [(S)-4CPG] and 7-(hydroxyimino)cyclopropan[b]chromen-1 α -carboxylic Et ester (CPCCOEt), selective antagonists at group I mGlu receptors, or (+)1S, 2S, 5R, 6S-2-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-dicarboxylic acid (LY354740) and (2S, 1'S, 2'S)-2-(carboxycyclopropyl)glycine (L-CCG-I), two selective agonists of group II mGlu receptors, as well as (1S, 2S, 4S, 5S)-2-aminobicyclo[2.1.1]hexane-2,5-dicarboxylic acid-I (ABHx-D-I), an agonist at all three groups of mGlu receptors and L-serine-O-phosphate (L-SOP), an agonist at group III mGlu receptors, were used. All compds. were administered into the CAL region of the dorsal hippocampus. The conflict drinking Vogel test in rats was used to estimate the anxiolytic-like effects of all the compds. Results: After intrahippocampal administration, both selective group I mGlu receptors antagonists (S)-4CPG and CPCCOEt, as well as the selective agonists of group II mGlu receptors LY 354740 and L-CCG-I, and an agonist of group III mGlu receptors, L-SOP, induced anticonflict effects. Conclusion: Selective antagonists of group I mGlu receptors and agonists of group II and group III mGlu receptors

exhibit anxiolytic-like activity in the conflict drinking test. It seems that the hippocampus may be one of the brain structures involved in the anticonflict effect of mGlu receptor agonists/antagonists.

AN 2001:884587 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
DN 136:177852

TI The antianxiety-like effects of antagonists of group I and agonists of group II and III metabotropic glutamate receptors after intrahippocampal administration

AU Tatarczynska, Ewa; Klodzinska, Aleksandra; Krocza, Bernadetta; Chojnacka-Wojcik, Ewa; Pilc, Andrzej

CS Institute of Pharmacology, Polish Academy of Sciences, Smetna, 12, Pol.

SO Psychopharmacology (Berlin, Germany) (2001), 158(1), 94-99
CODEN: PSCHDL; ISSN: 0033-3158

PB Springer-Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods for the detection of modified peptides, proteins and other molecules

AB A method is described for the mol. anal. of complex samples, including biopsies from cancer and other multifactorial diseases. The method uses arrays of proteins and enzymes substrates, including peptides, antibodies, non peptide substrates and phospho-protein and acetyl-protein traps. In an embodiment, tagged substrates are mass reacted in solution with the sample under investigation and then sorted onto a solid surface array by means of the relative tags. In another embodiment the substrates are immobilized onto a solid surface prior to sample anal.

AN 2001:763492 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
DN 135:315574

TI Methods for the detection of modified peptides, proteins and other molecules

IN Volinia, Stefano

PA Italy

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 36 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20010031469	A1	20011018	US 2001-753114	20010102 <--
PRAI	US 2000-174171P	P	20000103	<--	

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Quantitative amino acid analysis using a Beckman system gold HPLC 126AA analyzer

AB Background: The Beckman 6300/7300 analyzer, which was widely used for amino acid (AA) anal., is no longer com. available. Methods: To set up an affordable AA anal. program, a Beckman system gold HPLC 126AA analyzer and Pickering Labs. reagents were used. Two quant. AA anal. programs were developed. One was an 18-min short program quantitating seven AAs from plasma and dried blood spots (DBS) specimens using Lithium eluents Li-365 and Li-375 at 70° column temperature. The short program could be used for diagnosis and follow-up dietary management for phenylketonuria (PKU), maple syrup urine disease (MSUD), tyrosinemia and homocystinuria patients. The second program was a 118-min long AA screening panel quantitating 40 AAs using Lithium eluents Li-275, Li-365 and Li-375 at 32, 48 and 72° column temps. from plasma and urine specimens. Results: The

values obtained from DBS specimens were in good agreement with certified results from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The values obtained from plasma and urine samples were in good correlation with those obtained from Beckman 6300 analyzer (0.9076±0.999).

Conclusions: Amino acid quantitation from physiol. samples using a Beckman 126AA Analyzer and Pickering Labs. reagents was useful for clin. diagnosis and monitoring of aminoacidopathies.

AN 2001:721220 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 136:2398

TI Quantitative amino acid analysis using a Beckman system gold HPLC 126AA analyzer

AU Qu, Y.; Slocum, R. H.; Fu, J.; Rasmussen, W. E.; Rector, H. D.; Miller, J. B.; Coldwell, J. G.

CS H.A. Chapman Institute of Medical Genetics, Tulsa, OK, 74135, USA

SO Clinica Chimica Acta (2001), 312(1-2), 153-162

CODEN: CCATAR; ISSN: 0009-8981

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Elevated levels of group-III metabotropic glutamate receptors in the inferior colliculus of genetically epilepsy-prone rats following intracollicular administration of L-serine-O-phosphate

AB The selective group-III metabotropic glutamate receptor agonist, L-serine-O-phosphate (L-SOP), when injected bilaterally into the inferior colliculus of the sound sensitive genetically epilepsy-prone (GEP) rats produces a short proconvulsant excitation followed by a long phase of protection against sound-induced seizures lasting for 2-4 days. We have studied this prolonged suppression of audiogenic seizures using pharmacol. and mol. biol. approaches including semiquant. RT-PCR and western blotting. The intracerebroventricular injection of the protein synthesis inhibitor cycloheximide (120 µg) 30 min beforehand significantly reduces the proconvulsant seizure activity and the prolonged anticonvulsant effect of intracollicular L-SOP (500 nmol/side). The sensitive semiquant. RT-PCR revealed a significant up-regulation in mGlu4 and mGlu7 mRNA levels in the inferior colliculus at 2 days (maximum suppression of audiogenic seizures) after intracollicular L-SOP injection compared with the non-injected, 2-day post-vehicle treated and 7-day (return to expressing audiogenic seizures) post-drug or vehicle-treated groups. No significant changes were observed in mGlu6 or mGlu8 mRNA expression levels in drug-treated compared with control groups. Examination of mGlu4a and mGlu7a protein levels using western blotting showed a significant increase in mGlu7a but no significant change in mGlu4a protein levels 2 days after L-SOP treatment compared with the control groups (non-injected and 2-day vehicle-injected group). These results suggest that up-regulation of mGlu7 receptors is involved in the prolonged anticonvulsant effect of L-SOP against sound-induced seizures in GEP rats. The potential use of mGlu7 agonists as novel anti-epileptic agents merits investigation.

AN 2001:508586 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 135:298653

TI Elevated levels of group-III metabotropic glutamate receptors in the inferior colliculus of genetically epilepsy-prone rats following intracollicular administration of L-serine-O-phosphate

AU Yip, Ping K.; Meldrum, Brian S.; Rattray, Marcus

CS Department of Neurology, Institute of Psychiatry, King's College London, London, SE1 1UL, UK

SO Journal of Neurochemistry (2001), 78(1), 13-23

CODEN: JONRA9; ISSN: 0022-3042

PB Blackwell Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI In situ crosslinking of proteins for wound sealant

AB This invention relates to materials and methods for in situ crosslinking of proteins, including collagen, with peroxidase, including horseradish peroxidase, and H2O2 to form biocompatible semi-solid gels useful in a number of biol. and food product applications. The mixture applied to the wound sealing further comprises at least one addnl. agent selected from the group consisting of proteins, vaccine antigens, adjuvants, growth factors, microbeads and drugs, such as antimicrobials. The protein addnl. agent is selected from the group consisting of bovine serum albumin, fibrinogen, fibronectin, fibroblast growth factor, and human placental hyaluronic acid. A method of forming a semisolid crosslinked polymer on the surface of meat or poultry tissues for use as a food binding/restructuring agent comprises the steps of crosslinking a protein with a peroxidase in the presence of peroxide. Also, a method for growing dermal fibroblasts in vitro comprises the steps of growing the fibroblasts in a peroxide crosslinked collagen polymer.

AN 2001:380339 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 134:371845

TI In situ crosslinking of proteins for wound sealant

IN Miller, Douglas R.; Tizard, Ian R.; Keeton, Jimmy T.; Prochaska, Jerry F.

PA The Texas A & M University System, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001035882	A1	20010525	WO 2000-US31450	20001115 <--
	WO 2001035882	A9	20020815		
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 1267762	A1	20030102	EP 2000-979179	20001115 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
	US 6509031	B1	20030121	US 2000-713270	20001115 <--
PRAI	US 1999-165567P	P	19991115	<--	
	US 1999-166024P	P	19991117	<--	
	WO 2000-US31450	W	20001115	<--	

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Compounds for inhibiting diseases and preparing cells for transplantation

AB Methods and comps. are provided for inhibiting, preventing and treating amyloid depositions, e.g. in pancreatic islets, wherein the amyloidotic deposits are islet amyloid polypeptide (IAPP)-associated amyloid deposition

or deposits. Accordingly, the compns. and method of the invention are useful for inhibiting IAPP-associated amyloidosis in disorders in which such amyloid deposition occurs, such as diabetes. The invention also provides a process for the preparation of cells suitable for transplantation into a mammal, which cells are capable of forming fibrils, said process comprising contacting the cells with an inhibitor of fibril formation. Also provided are a culture medium comprising the inhibitor and cells for transplantation. One example compound prepared was 4-phenyl-1-(3-sulfoxypropyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine and its sodium salt.

AN 2000:50467 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 134:95503
 TI Compounds for inhibiting diseases and preparing cells for transplantation
 IN Clark, Anne; Fraser, Paul; Verchere, Bruce; Gupta, Ajay; Migneault, David;
 Szarek, Walter; Weaver, Donald
 PA Isis Innovation Limited, UK; Neurochem, Inc.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001003680	A2	20010118	WO 2000-GB2623	20000707 <--
	WO 2001003680	A3	20020711		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, YU, ZA, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2375628	A1	20010118	CA 2000-2375628	20000707 <--
	EP 1237547	A2	20020911	EP 2000-946060	20000707 <--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL			
	US 20070015737	A1	20070118	US 2005-265537	20051102 <--
FRAI	GB 1999-16214	A	19990709	<--	
	US 1999-142907P	P	19990709	<--	
	GB 1999-16315	A	19990712	<--	
	US 1999-142953P	P	19990712	<--	
	WO 2000-GB2623	W	20000707	<--	
	US 2002-30350	B1	20021108	<--	
OS	MARPAT 134:95503				

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
 TI Compositions and methods for treating amyloidosis
 AB Therapeutic compds. and methods for modulating amyloid aggregation in a subject, whatever its clin. setting, are described. Amyloid aggregation is modulated by the administration to a subject of an effective amount of a therapeutic compound [(R1Zk)(R2Qm)N]pTys [R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted aryl; Z, Q = C(O), C(S), SO2, SO; k, m = 0, 1, with provisions; p, s = pos. integer such that biodistribution of therapeutic compound for intended target site is not prevented while maintaining activity of therapeutic compound; T = linking group; Y = AX; A = anionic group at physiol. pH; X = cationic group], or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester, such that modulation of amyloid aggregation occurs. Preparation of e.g. 8-methoxy-5-quinolinesulfonic acid sodium salt is described.

AN 2000:772432 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 133:329624
 TI Compositions and methods for treating amyloidosis
 IN Gordon, Heather; Szarek, Walter; Weaver, Donald; Kong, Xianqi
 PA Queen's University at Kingston, Can.; Neurochem, Inc.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
 LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000064420	A2	20001102	WO 2000-CA949	20000428 <--
	WO 2000064420	A3	20021107		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2369997	A1	20001102	CA 2000-2369997	20000428 <--
	BR 2000010099	A	20020604	BR 2000-10099	20000428 <--
	EP 1276483	A2	20030122	EP 2000-922395	20000428 <--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL			
	JP 2003517458	T	20030527	JP 2000-613411	20000428 <--
	CN 1523992	A	20040825	CN 2000-809415	20000428 <--
	NZ 543319	A	20070629	NZ 1919-5433	20000428 <--
	MX 2001PA10835	A	20030714	MX 2001-PA10835	20011025 <--
	KR 822525	B1	20080416	KR 2001-713824	20011029 <--
	US 20040198832	A1	20041007	US 2003-639609	20030811 <--
	AU 2005202454	A1	20050630	AU 2005-202454	20050603 <--
	AU 2005202454	B2	20080508		
	KR 2007094996	A	20070927	KR 2007-721102	20070914 <--
	US 20080227767	A1	20080918	US 2008-125842	20080522 <--
PRAI	US 1999-131464P	P	19990428	<--	
	US 1999-135545P	P	19990524	<--	
	US 1999-143123P	P	19990709	<--	
	US 2000-560505	B1	20000427	<--	
	AU 2000-42824	A3	20000428	<--	
	WO 2000-CA949	W	20000428	<--	
	US 2000-576677	A1	20000523	<--	
	KR 2001-713824	A3	20011029	<--	
	US 2003-429198	A3	20030502		
OS	MARPAT 133:329624				

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Phosphocholine surfactants and their use

AB Disclosed are detergents or surfactants based on amphipathic phosphocholine compds. to improve pharmaceutical formulations and their use as pharmaceutical excipients.

AN 2000:553420 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 133:155464

TI Phosphocholine surfactants and their use

IN Morimoto, Bruce H.; Barker, Peter L.; Hernandez, Vincent; Piper, Cass K.

PA Amur Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000045822	A1	20000810	WO 2000-US2395	20000128 <--
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1150685	A1	20011107	EP 2000-913304	20000128 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002536335	T	20021029	JP 2000-596941	20000128 <--
US 6489369	B1	20021203	US 2000-493359	20000128 <--
PRAI US 1999-118499P	P	19990203	<--	
WO 2000-US2395	W	20000128	<--	
OS MARPAT 133:155464				

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Associates of macromolecules and complex aggregates for improved payload and controlled drug delivery
AB This invention describes the principles and procedures suitable for developing, testing, manufacturing, and using combinations of various amphipathic, if necessary modified, macromols. (such as polypeptides, proteins, etc.) or other chain mols. (such as suitable, e.g. partly hydrophobic, polynucleotides or polysaccharides) with the aggregates which comprise a mixture of polar and/or charged amphipathic mols. and form extended surfaces that can be freely suspended or supported. The methods can be utilized for the optimization of aggregates that, after association with chain mols. exerting some activity or a useful function, are suitable for the application in vitro or in vivo, e.g., in the fields of drug delivery, diagnostics or biocatalysis. As special examples, mixts. of vesicular droplets consisting of lipids loaded (associated) with insulin, interferon, interleukin, nerve growth factor, calcitonin, and an Ig, etc., are described. Thus, ultradeformable and flexible vesicles (Transfersomes) were prepared from soybean phosphatidylcholine 874.4 and sodium cholate 125.6 mg, and pH 7.1 9 mL phosphate buffer. To this suspension (5% total lipid content) was added 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, or 4 mg/insulin/100 mg total lipid.

AN 2000:290817 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>
DN 132:326059
TI Associates of macromolecules and complex aggregates for improved payload and controlled drug delivery
IN Cevc, Gregor
PA Idea Innovative Dermal Applikationen GmbH, Germany
SO PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000024377	A1	20000504	WO 1998-EP6750	19981023 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,				

LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
 RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
 CM, CA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2309633 A1 20000504 CA 1998-2309633 19981023 <--
 AU 9914350 A 20000515 AU 1999-14350 19981023 <--
 AU 765385 B2 20030918
 EP 1039880 A1 20001004 EP 1998-958234 19981023 <--
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, FI

BR 9814415 A 20001010 BR 1998-14415 19981023 <--
 HU 2001002741 A2 20020328 HU 2001-2741 19981023 <--
 HU 2001002741 A3 20021228
 JP 2002528406 T 20020903 JP 2000-577988 19981023 <--
 RU 2211027 C2 20030827 RU 2000-119757 19981023 <--
 CN 1192766 C 20050316 CN 1998-812660 19981023 <--
 NO 2000003287 A 20000823 NO 2000-3287 20000622 <--
 MX 2000PA06196 A 20030721 MX 2000-PA6196 20000622 <--
 HK 1032745 A1 20050812 HK 2001-103359 20010515 <--
 US 20080279815 A1 20081113 US 2007-929480 20071030 <--
 PRAI WO 1998-EP6750 A 19981023 <--
 US 2000-555986 B3 20000817 <--
 RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Methods and compositions to treat glycosaminoglycan-associated molecular
 interactions
 AB Therapeutic compds. and methods for inhibiting a glycosaminoglycan
 (GAG)-associated mol. interaction in a subject, whatever its clin. setting,
 are described. The glycosaminoglycan-associated mol. interaction may be e.g.
 the interaction associated with a bacterial or viral infection. The compds.
 of the invention include Q(Y-X)n (Q = carrier mol.; Y = anionic group at
 physiol. pH; X+ = cationic group; n = integer such that the
 biodistribution of the therapeutic compound for an intended target site is
 not prevented while maintaining activity of the therapeutic compound) and
 pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters thereof.
 AN 2000:98288 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>
 DN 132:132322
 TI Methods and compositions to treat glycosaminoglycan-associated molecular
 interactions
 IN Kisilevsky, Robert; Green, Allan M.; Gervais, Francine
 PA Neurochem, Inc., Can.; Queen's University at Kingston
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 108 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000006133	A2	20000210	WO 1999-IB1473	19990728 <--
	WO 2000006133	A3	20000817		
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

US 6310073	B1	20011030	US 1999-362505	19990727 <--
CA 2338705	A1	20000210	CA 1999-2338705	19990728 <--
AU 9951894	A	20000221	AU 1999-51894	19990728 <--
EP 1100487	A2	20010523	EP 1999-936931	19990728 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
EP 1609467	A1	20051228	EP 2005-21203	19990728 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL				
US 20020193395	A1	20021219	US 2001-970148	20011002 <--
US 20040096453	A1	20040520	US 2003-690020	20031020 <--
AU 2004202703	A1	20040715	AU 2004-202703	20040618 <--
US 20060116347	A1	20060601	US 2005-147150	20050606 <--
US 20070078082	A1	20070405	US 2006-523811	20060919 <--
PRAI US 1998-94454P	P	19980728	<--	
US 1999-362505	A	19990727	<--	
AU 1999-51894	A3	19990728	<--	
EP 1999-936931	A3	19990728	<--	
WO 1999-1B1473	W	19990728	<--	
US 2001-970148	A1	20011002	<--	
US 2003-690020	B1	20031020		
US 2005-147150	B1	20050606		
OS	MARPAT 132:132322			

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Biocompatible composite material
 AB Biocompatible composites useful as a bone or tooth substitute material or for coating implants of metal, ceramic, Si, or plastics comprise an inorg. gel containing homogeneously embedded scleroproteins or their hydrolysis products and/or glycosaminoglycans. These composites promote the deposition of basic Ca phosphate phases and are hard, strong, and wear resistant. Thus, Si(OEt)4 10, 1,4-dioxane 40, and 0.01M HCl 20 mL were stirred for 20 h at room temperature to form a stable SiO2 soluble This sol 7

was mixed with H2O 7, 10% aqueous ZrO2 sol 2.3 mL, and 1% collagen type I solution

10 g to provide a clear sol which was used for dip coating a Ti test piece. After drying, the coating had a Vickers hardness of 44. On immersion in simulated blood, the coated Ti induced deposition of basic Ca phosphate within 12 h.

AN 1999:624672 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 131:233590
 TI Biocompatible composite material
 IN Brasack, Ingo; Boettcher, Horst; Kallies, Karl-Heinz
 PA Feinchemie G.m.b.H. Sebnitz, Germany; Kallies Feinchemie AG
 SO Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DT Patent
 LA German
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 19811900	A1	19990923	DE 1998-19811900	19980318 <--
	DE 19811900	C2	20031211		
PRAI	DE 1998-19811900		19980318	<--	
RE.CNT	8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD				
	ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Sphingolipid derivatives, their preparation, and their therapeutic use
 AB Derivs. of sphingolipids (Markush included) are provided. The compds. are

useful in the treatment of abnormal cell proliferation, including benign and malignant tumors, the promotion of cell differentiation, the induction of apoptosis, the inhibition of protein kinase C, and the treatment of inflammatory conditions, psoriasis, inflammatory bowel disease as well as proliferation of smooth muscle cells in the course of development of plaques in vascular tissue. The invention also includes a method for triggering the release of cytochrome c from mitochondria that includes administering an effective amount of a sphingolipid or its derivative or

prodrug

to a host in need thereof. Further, the invention provides a method for treating bacterial infections, including those that influence colon cancer and other disorders of the intestine, that includes administering an effective amount of one of the active compds. identified herein.

AN 1999:529160 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 131:165335

TI Sphingolipid derivatives, their preparation, and their therapeutic use

IN Liotta, Dennis C.; Merrill, Alfred H., Jr.; Keane, Thomas E.; Schmelz, Eva M.; Bhalla, Kapil N.

PA Emory University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 140 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9941266	A1	19990819	WO 1999-US3093	19990212 <--
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN				
	RM: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2320117	A1	19990819	CA 1999-2320117	19990212 <--
	AU 9927644	A	19990830	AU 1999-27644	19990212 <--
	AU 765809	B2	20031002		
	EP 1053243	A1	20001122	EP 1999-908143	19990212 <--
	R: DE, FR, GB, IT, IE				
	US 6610835	B1	20030826	US 1999-249211	19990212 <--
	AU 2003235051	A1	20030911	AU 2003-235051	20030814 <--
	US 20040039212	A1	20040226	US 2003-647801	20030825 <--
PRAI	US 1998-74536P	P	19980212	<--	
	AU 1999-27644	A3	19990212	<--	
	US 1999-249211	A1	19990212	<--	
	WO 1999-US3093	W	19990212	<--	

OS MARPAT 131:165335

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Liquid compositions for disinfection of contact lenses based on Polyquatarnium compounds

AB A liquid composition for cleaning, storing and disinfecting contact lenses contains (1) at least one disinfecting component selected from the group of Polyquatarnium-6, Polyquatarnium-7, Polyquatarnium-16, and Polyquatarnium-22, (2) a nonionic tonicity agent and/or (3) an amino acid. An aqueous solution containing phosphate buffer, Polyquatarnium-6 (0.001%), and glycerol (1.7%) was prepared and showed a high degree of safety without inhibiting the proliferation of the cells.

AN 1999:401532 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 131:35917

TI Liquid compositions for disinfection of contact lenses based on Polyquaternium compounds
 IN Ibaraki, Keiko; Mizuno, Hideto; Goshima, Takehiko; Shimbo, Keiko
 PA Tomey Corp., Japan
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 923950	A2	19990623	EP 1998-310417	19981218 <--
	EP 923950	A3	20001227		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	JP 11249087	A	19990917	JP 1998-310175	19981030 <--
PRAI	JP 1997-349273	A	19971218	<--	
	JP 1998-310175	A	19981030	<--	

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Biomimetic calcium phosphate implant coatings and methods for making the same

AB This invention encompasses porous, nanocryst., biomimetic Ca phosphate coatings of the order of 2-30 μ m that can be grown on metal implants. The chemical surface treatments and methods for making the Ca phosphate coatings are disclosed. Post treatment with dilute hydrogels such as poly(hydroxyethyl methacrylate), reinforces the inorg. structure and enhances the mech. strength of the coatings. Methods are also disclosed for adsorbing or covalently attaching growth factor proteins to the hydrogel-coated Ca phosphate coatings. Such hydrogel-reinforced Ca phosphate coatings show equivalent bone tissue growth as the currently used implants and are easily resorbed. This property in combination with the immobilized growth factors is expected to enhance the process of osteointegration of the disclosed coatings.

AN 1999:184098 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 130:227783

TI Biomimetic calcium phosphate implant coatings and methods for making the same

IN Sarangapani, Shantha; Calvert, Paul D.

PA Icet, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9911202	A1	19990311	WO 1998-US18526	19980904 <--
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 6129928	A	20001010	US 1998-148724	19980904 <--
PRAI	US 1997-58105P	P	19970905	<--	
RE.CNT	8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD				
	ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Oral drug delivery compositions comprising modified amino acids and bioactive peptides

AB The present invention relates to an oral drug delivery system, and in particular to modified amino acid derivs. for use as a delivery system for

sensitive agents such as bioactive peptides. The modified amino acid derivs. can form noncovalent mixts. with active biol. agents and in an alternate embodiment can carry and release active agents. These mixts. are suitable for oral administration of biol. active agents to mammals. Methods for the preparation of such amino acids are also disclosed.

AN 1998:542693 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
DN 129:180125

OREF 129:36501a,36504a

TI Oral drug delivery compositions comprising modified amino acids and bioactive peptides

IN Sarubbi, Donald J.; Leone-Bay, Andrea; Paton, Duncan R.

PA Emisphere Technologies, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 18 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 30

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5792451	A	19980811	US 1994-205511	19940302 <--
	CA 2160693	A1	19941027	CA 1994-2160693	19940422 <--
	WO 9423767	A1	19941027	WO 1994-US4560	19940422 <--
	W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 696208	A1	19960214	EP 1994-916578	19940422 <--
	EP 696208	B1	20010822		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 08509474	T	19961008	JP 1994-523595	19940422 <--
	EP 1025840	A2	20000809	EP 2000-103527	19940422 <--
	EP 1025840	A3	20000830		
	EP 1025840	B1	20050629		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
	EP 1077070	A2	20010221	EP 2000-118505	19940422 <--
	EP 1077070	A3	20010523		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
	AT 204467	T	20010915	AT 1994-916578	19940422 <--
	ES 2163444	T3	20020201	ES 1994-916578	19940422 <--
	AT 298561	T	20050715	AT 2000-103527	19940422 <--
	ES 2244367	T3	20051216	ES 2000-103527	19940422 <--
	US 5643957	A	19970701	US 1994-335148	19941025 <--
	US 5714167	A	19980203	US 1994-328932	19941025 <--
	US 5958457	A	19990928	US 1995-438644	19950510 <--
	US 5766633	A	19980616	US 1995-537888	19951023 <--
	US 6099856	A	20000808	US 1996-763183	19961210 <--
	US 5955503	A	19990921	US 1997-795833	19970206 <--
	US 6100298	A	20000808	US 1997-795837	19970206 <--
	US 6221367	B1	20010424	US 1997-939939	19970929 <--
	US 6071538	A	20000606	US 1997-940056	19970930 <--
	US 6245359	B1	20010612	US 1997-941616	19970930 <--
	US 6348207	B1	20020219	US 1997-941609	19970930 <--
	US 20010003001	A1	20010607	US 2000-730156	20001205 <--
	AU 771024	B2	20040311	AU 2000-72261	20001214 <--
	AU 771434	B2	20040325	AU 2000-72260	20001214 <--
	US 20020001591	A1	20020103	US 2001-862013	20010521 <--
	US 6610329	B2	20030826		
	US 20020052422	A1	20020502	US 2001-862063	20010521 <--
	US 6461643	B2	20021008		
	US 20020120009	A1	20020829	US 2002-90012	20020221 <--

	US 6663887	B2	20031216		
	US 20030012817	A1	20030116	US 2002-225104	20020820 <--
	US 7005141	B2	20060228		
	US 20030133953	A1	20030717	US 2002-255237	20020925 <--
	US 6916489	B2	20050712		
	US 20040062773	A1	20040401	US 2003-600386	20030619 <--
	US 20040068013	A1	20040408	US 2003-677906	20031001 <--
	AU 2004202745	A1	20040923	AU 2004-202745	20040623 <--
	US 20050255138	A1	20051117	US 2005-42960	20050124 <--
	US 20060134130	A1	20060622	US 2005-265535	20051101 <--
	JP 2006273875	A	20061012	JP 2006-192105	20060712 <--
PRAI	US 1992-898909	B2	19920615	<--	
	US 1992-920346	A2	19920727	<--	
	US 1993-51019	A	19930422	<--	
	US 1993-76803	A2	19930614	<--	
	US 1993-143571	B2	19931026	<--	
	US 1993-168776	A2	19931216	<--	
	US 1994-205511	A	19940302	<--	
EP	1994-916578	A3	19940422	<--	
JP	1994-523595	A3	19940422	<--	
	US 1994-231622	A2	19940422	<--	
	US 1994-231623	A2	19940422	<--	
WO	1994-US4560	W	19940422	<--	
	US 1994-315200	A2	19940929	<--	
	US 1994-316404	A2	19940930	<--	
	US 1994-328932	A2	19941025	<--	
	US 1994-335147	B2	19941025	<--	
	US 1994-335148	A3	19941025	<--	
	US 1995-438644	A1	19950510	<--	
	US 1996-17902P	P	19960329	<--	
	US 1996-763183	A2	19961210	<--	
	US 1997-795837	A1	19970206	<--	
	US 1997-820694	A2	19970318	<--	
AU	1998-62756	A3	19980206	<--	
	US 1999-346970	A1	19990702	<--	
	US 1999-346971	B1	19990702	<--	
	US 1999-420200	A1	19991018	<--	
	US 2000-730156	A1	20001205	<--	
AU	2000-72260	A3	20001214	<--	
	US 2001-862013	A1	20010521	<--	
	US 2001-862063	A1	20010521	<--	
	US 2002-90012	A1	20020221	<--	
	US 2002-225104	A1	20020820	<--	
	US 2002-255237	A1	20020925	<--	

RE.CNT 341 THERE ARE 341 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 22 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Inhibiting undesirable taste in oral compositions

AB The present invention relates to a method for inhibiting an undesirable taste in oral compns. such as foods, beverages, and pharmaceuticals. The present invention also relates to oral and pharmaceutical compns. comprising undesirable tasting compds. wherein undesirable tastes are inhibited by the addition of a phosphorylated amino acid, such as phosphotyrosine, phosphoserine, phosphothreonine, and mixts. thereof, to the oral and pharmaceutical compns. Liquid cough/cold compns. for oral administration contained ibuprofen arginate 1, chlorpheniramine maleate 0.02, pseudoephedrine-HCl 0.3, phosphotyrosine 2, ethanol (95%) 25, propylene glycol 25, Na citrate 2, citric acid 0.25, liquid sugar 25, glycerin 7, colorants 0.009, flavors 0.5, and water to 100 % weight/volume

AN 1998:124044 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 128:196683
 OREF 128:38793a,38796a
 TI Inhibiting undesirable taste in oral compositions
 IN Nelson, Sandra Lynn
 PA Procter & Gamble Company, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9806436	A2	19980219	WO 1997-US13472	19970728 <--
	WO 9806436	A3	20001221		
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
	RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 5766622	A	19980616	US 1996-696711	19960814 <--
	CA 2263297	A1	19980219	CA 1997-2263297	19970728 <--
	CA 2263297	C	20031028		
	AU 9739676	A	19980306	AU 1997-39676	19970728 <--
	AU 724235	B2	20000914		
	BR 9711159	A	19990817	BR 1997-11159	19970728 <--
	EP 1077726	A2	20010228	EP 1997-937072	19970728 <--
	EP 1077726	B1	20030312		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	CN 1306440	A	20010801	CN 1997-197342	19970728 <--
	JP 2001527518	T	20011225	JP 1998-509785	19970728 <--
	HU 2001003016	A2	20011228	HU 2001-3016	19970728 <--
	HU 2001003016	A3	20020628		
	AT 234115	T	20030315	AT 1997-937072	19970728 <--
	ZA 9707082	A	19980304	ZA 1997-7082	19970808 <--
	IN 1997DE02286	A	20050311	IN 1997-DE2286	19970813 <--
	NO 9900685	A	19990412	NO 1999-685	19990212 <--
	KR 2000030006	A	20000525	KR 1999-701291	19990218 <--
PRAI	US 1996-696711	A	19960814	<--	
	WO 1997-US13472	W	19970728	<--	

L5 ANSWER 23 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Synthetic phosphopeptides for treating bone diseases
 AB Phosphopeptides which significantly reduce bone loss or weakening are provided. A method for treating or preventing any conditions associated with bone loss or weakening by administering the phosphopeptides by oral or injectable means is also provided. After age 35, bone mass, mineral content and mech. strength of the bone begin declining gradually. The relationship between bone mass and age is shown. Examples of prevention of bone loss in an osteoporosis model are given for peptides such as Pse-Gly-Pse-Gly-Pse-Gly (Pse = O-phosphoserine).
 AN 1998:55543 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 128:110877
 OREF 128:21617a,21620a
 TI Synthetic phosphopeptides for treating bone diseases
 IN Kumagai, Yoshinari; Otaka, Akira
 PA Big Bear Bio, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9800156	A1	19980108	WO 1997-US11426	19970630 <--
	W: AM, AU, BA, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, DE, ES, FI, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, LK, LT, LV, MD, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, SG, SI, SK, TR, UA, UZ, VN, AZ, BY, KZ, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	US 5837674	A	19981117	US 1996-675031	19960703 <--
	CA 2258661	A1	19980108	CA 1997-2258661	19970630 <--
	CA 2258661	C	20020910		
	AU 9735871	A	19980121	AU 1997-35871	19970630 <--
	AU 727675	B2	20001221		
	EP 938326	A1	19990901	EP 1997-932409	19970630 <--
	EP 938326	B1	20040915		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
	JP 2001503452	T	20010313	JP 1998-504399	19970630 <--
	AT 275961	T	20041015	AT 1997-932409	19970630 <--
	PT 938326	T	20041130	PT 1997-932409	19970630 <--
	ES 2224260	T3	20050301	ES 1997-932409	19970630 <--
	JP 2004067687	A	20040304	JP 2003-274414	20030715 <--
PRAI	US 1996-675031	A	19960703	<--	
	JP 1998-504399	A3	19970630	<--	
	WO 1997-US11426	W	19970630	<--	

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 24 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Prolonged anticonvulsant action of glutamate metabotropic receptor agonists in inferior colliculus of genetically epilepsy-prone rats

AB The anticonvulsant activity of (S)-4-carboxy-3-hydroxyphenylglycine ((S)-4C3HFG) (an antagonist of Group I and an agonist of Group II metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) receptors), of (1S,3S)-1-aminocyclopentane-1,3-dicarboxylic acid ((1S,3S)-ACPD) (an agonist of Group II mGlu receptors), and of L-serine-O-phosphate (an agonist of Group III mGlu receptors) was studied against sound-induced seizures in genetically epilepsy-prone (GEP) rats following bilateral microinjection into the inferior colliculus. All 3 drugs produce dose-dependent suppression of all phases of sound-induced seizures (wild running, clonic and tonic). (S)-4C3HFG produces an immediate and short-lasting (<2 h) protection against sound-induced seizures with an ED50 value of 4.3 (3.2-5.7) nmol, at 5 min. The preferential agonists of Group II and Group III mGlu receptors produce an immediate, transient (<10 min) proconvulsant effect followed by a prolonged (>1 day) anticonvulsant effect against sound-induced seizures. The anticonvulsant ED50 value for (1S,3S)-ACPD is 9 (5-18) nmol at 2 h, and for L-serine-O-phosphate is 36 (6.5-199) nmol at 2 days. It is concluded that mGlu receptor activation potentially modifies seizure threshold.

AN 1997:331452 HCAPLUS <LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 127:44805

OREF 127:8387a,8390a

TI Prolonged anticonvulsant action of glutamate metabotropic receptor agonists in inferior colliculus of genetically epilepsy-prone rats

AU Tang, Ellen; Yip, Ping K.; Chapman, Astrid G.; Jane, David E.; Meldrum, Brian S.

CS Department of Clinical Neurosciences, Institute of Psychiatry, De Crespigny Park, Denmark Hill, London, SE58AF, UK

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1997), 327(2/3), 109-115
CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier
DT Journal
LA English

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Effect of sterical stabilization on macrophage uptake in vitro and on thickness of the fixed aqueous layer of liposomes made from alkylphosphocholines

AB A serious problem using liposomes for therapeutic purposes is the fast removal from blood circulation by components of the reticuloendothelial system (RES) most likely after opsonization of the vesicles. This study was performed to quantify the reduction in macrophage uptake in vitro of sterically stabilized liposomes (PEG-liposomes) prepared from hexadecylphosphocholine, cholesterol and poly(ethylene glycol2000) distearoylphosphoethanolamine (PEG2000DSPE) for the first time. The uptake was determined using HPC-liposomes of different defined size (125, 250 and 1000 nm) without and with sterical stabilization by incorporating 5 mol of PEG2000DSPE. HPTS was used as fluorescence marker allowing the discrimination between general uptake and the part of liposomes internalized into the low pH-compartment (Daleke, L.D., Hong, K. and Papahadjopoulos, D. (1990) *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1024, 352-366). Liposomal uptake by J774 mouse macrophage-like cells was time-dependent. Both the uptake and internalization were clearly reduced for PEG-liposomes compared to plain liposomes. Sterical stabilization reduced the general uptake of liposomes in vitro by more than 50 and the internalization by about 50-60. PEG-liposomes addnl. showed a delay in internalization into the macrophages during the first 6 h. Size of used liposomes had only a minor influence on liposomal uptake but highest concentration of lipid was

found for large multilamellar vesicles (MLV). The fixed aqueous layer thickness (FALT) was determined by zeta potential measurements of plain and sterically stabilized HPC-liposomes (100 nm) in solns. of different ion concns. The calcn. of the thickness was based on the linear correlation between $\ln \zeta$ (zeta-potential) and $\ln \kappa$ (Debye Heuckel-Parameter). FALT was calculated and found to be for plain HPC-liposomes 0.83 ± 0.17 nm and for PEG-HPC-liposomes 3.57 ± 0.17 nm. Exchange of the HPC by an alkylphospholipid with different head group has no or only minor effect (PEG-OPP-liposomes 3.44 ± 0.31 nm). Thus the reduced uptake of HPC-LUVET correlates with an increased thickness of the fixed aqueous layer around these liposomes and could support the hypothesis that the thickness is an important property responsible for preventing opsonization and resulting finally in a reduced macrophage uptake.

AN 1996:692603 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 126:50880

OREF 126:9941a,9944a

TI Effect of sterical stabilization on macrophage uptake in vitro and on thickness of the fixed aqueous layer of liposomes made from alkylphosphocholines

AU Zeisig, Reiner; Shimada, Kazuhiko; Hirota, Sadao; Arndt, Dieter

CS AG Phospholipids, Max-Delbrueck Center for Molecular Medicine, Robert-Roessle-Str. 10, Berlin, 13122, Germany

SO *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Biomembranes* (1996), 1285(2), 237-245

CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736

PB Elsevier B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Activation of group III metabotropic glutamate receptors is neuroprotective in cortical cultures
 AB (RS)- α -Methyl-4-phosphonophenylglycine (MPPG) and (S)- α -methyl-3-carboxyphenylalanine (M3CPA), two novel preferential antagonists of group III metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) receptors, antagonized the neuroprotective activity of L-2-amino-4-phosphonobutanoate (L-AP4) or L-serine-O-phosphate in mice cultured cortical cells exposed to a toxic pulse of N-methyl-D-aspartate. In contrast, MPPG did not influence the neuroprotective activity of the selective group II mGlu receptors agonist, (2S,1'R,2'R,3'R)-2-(2,3-dicarboxycyclopropyl) glycine (DCG-IV). These results indicate that activation of group III mGlu receptors exerts neuroprotective activity against excitotoxic neuronal death. At least one of the two major group III mGlu receptor subtypes, i.e. mGlu4 receptor, is expressed by cultured cortical neurons, as shown by immunocytochem. anal. with specific polyclonal antibodies.

AN 1996:526080 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 125:213111

OREF 125:39643a,39646a

TI Activation of group III metabotropic glutamate receptors is neuroprotective in cortical cultures

AU Bruno, V.; Copani, A.; Bonanno, L.; Knoepfel, T.; Kuhn, R.; Roberts, P. J.; Nicoletti, F.

CS Istituto Mediterraneo di Neuroscienze Neuromed', Pozzilli, Italy

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1996), 310(1), 61-66

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Diketopiperazine-based drug delivery systems

AB Comps. useful in the delivery of active agents are provided. These delivery comps. include: (a) an active agent; and either (b)(1) a carrier of (i) at least one amino acid and (ii) at least one diketopiperazine or (b)(2) at least one mono-N-substituted, di-N-substituted, or unsubstituted diketopiperazine. Methods for preparing and administering the comps. are also provided. Thus, 6 fasted rats were anesthetized. The rats were administered, by oral gavage, a calcitonin/L-Phe-(diketo-L-Asp)-L-Phe composition containing 1.5 μ g of calcitonin/mL. Each rat was administered a dosage of 10 μ g/kg. The amount of diketopiperazine in the dosage was 300 mg/kg. Blood samples were collected serially from the caudal artery, and serum calcium was determined. The carriers of the present invention facilitated the reduction of serum calcitonin and, therefore, the oral delivery of calcitonin.

AN 1996:401663 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>

DN 125:67698

OREF 125:12779a,12782a

TI Diketopiperazine-based drug delivery systems

IN Milstein, Sam J.

PA Emsphere Technologies, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 30

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9609813	A1	19960404	WO 1995-US12888	19950928 <--
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,				

TM, TT
 RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
 LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
 SN, TD, TG

US 5693338	A	19971202	US 1994-315200	19940929 <--
AU 9641293	A	19960419	AU 1996-41293	19950928 <--
US 5976569	A	19991102	US 1997-841101	19970429 <--
AU 771024	B2	20040311	AU 2000-72261	20001214 <--
AU 771434	B2	20040325	AU 2000-72260	20001214 <--
AU 2004202745	A1	20040923	AU 2004-202745	20040623 <--
PRAI US 1994-315200	A	19940929	<--	
WO 1995-US12888	W	19950928	<--	
AU 1998-62756	A3	19980206	<--	
AU 2000-72260	A3	20001214	<--	

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Antitumor liposomes containing phospholipid analogs and ether lipids
 AB Tumor-inhibiting liposomes contain an O-alkylphosphocholine,
 O-alkylphosphoserine, or O-alkylphosphoethanolamine or an ether lipid
 ROCH2CHXCH2OR1 [R = C12-22 alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl; X = halo, MeO; R1 =
 (modified) phosphocholine] together with an ethoxylated lipid, e.g.
 phosphatidylethanolamine, and cholesterol. Thus, unilamellar vesicles
 containing hexadecylphosphocholine and N-ethoxylated
 1,2-dipalmitoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamine (mol. weight .apprx.2700)
 inhibited growth of human MaTu breast carcinoma implanted into nude mice.
 AN 1995:958375 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 123:329997
 OREF 123:58925a,58928a
 TI Antitumor liposomes containing phospholipid analogs and ether lipids
 IN Arndt, Dieter; Zeisig, Reiner; Fichtner, Iduna
 PA Max-Delbrueck-Centrum fuer Molekulare Medizin, Germany
 SO Ger., 5 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXAW
 DT Patent
 LA German
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	DE 4408011	C1	19951102	DE 1994-4408011	19940310 <--
PRAI	DE 1994-4408011		19940310	<--	

L5 ANSWER 29 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Mycobacterium-derived organic phosphate compounds as activators of
 Ty8 lymphocytes
 AB Non-peptide water-soluble organic phosphate-containing compds. for use as a
 human
 Tr982 cell activator, comprising at least one acid-labile ester
 bond of phosphoric acid can be extracted from cultures of Mycobacterium
 tuberculosis or M. fortuitum fortuitum. The activating properties of said
 compds. in relation to lymphocytes are lost when they are placed in the
 presence of an enzymic mixture comprising at least one phosphoric monoester
 phosphohydrolase and at least one phosphoric diester phosphohydrolase.
 The invention also concerns a method for the preparation, isolation or
 characterization of such a compound and compns. and pharmaceutical uses
 thereof. Organic phosphates of the invention may be able to stimulate immune
 responses to infections, including tuberculosis and malaria, tumors,
 leukemia, parasitic infestations, and immunodeficiency diseases including
 AIDS.
 AN 1995:835675 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 123:226030
 OREF 123:40367a,40370a

TI Mycobacterium-derived organic phosphate compounds as activators of
 Ty8 lymphocytes
 IN Bonneville, Marc; Constant, Patricia Marie-Claude; Fournie, Jean-Jacques;
 Puzo, Germain
 PA Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.; Institut National de la
 Sante et de la Recherche Medicale (INSERM)
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA French
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9520673	A1	19950803	WO 1995-FR92	19950126 <--
	W: JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	FR 2715660	A1	19950804	FR 1994-1170	19940128 <--
PRAI	FR 1994-1170	A	19940128	<--	

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 TI Modification of implant surface with bioactive conjugates for improved
 integration into tissue
 AB A bioactive conjugate adapted to coat a metal implant outer surface has
 the structure RXP (R = O or S, adapted to be covalently attached to an
 implant surface; X = bond, linear or branched chain of 1-30 covalently
 attached C, N, O, Si, and/or S atoms, ring of ≤ 20 C, N, O, Si,
 and/or S atoms, or a combination thereof; P = bioactive mol. which
 promotes tissue growth, stabilization, and integration, wherein said
 moiety retains its biol. activity). Thus, a Ti implant was mech.
 polished, ultrasonically cleaned, electrochem. polished with
 HClO₄-BuOH-MeOH (1:12:7), and immersed in a 10-3-10-4M hexane solution of
 16-amino-hexadecanethiol under N₂. The thiol formed a self-assembling
 monolayer on the metal surface, which was the condensed with
 glutaraldehyde in 0.1M phosphate buffer under N₂, followed by conjugation
 with alkaline phosphatase.

AN 1995:412957 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID:20081124>>
 DN 122:170291
 OREF 122:31119a,31122a
 TI Modification of implant surface with bioactive conjugates for improved
 integration into tissue
 IN Nanci, Antonio; McKee, Marc D.; Sacher, Edward; Savadogo, Oumarou; Wuest,
 James
 PA Universite de Montreal, Can.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9426321	A1	19941124	WO 1994-CA257	19940509 <--
	W: AU, BR, CA, CZ, JP, KR, NO, NZ, SK				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	CA 2162114	A1	19941124	CA 1994-2162114	19940509 <--
	AU 9466434	A	19941212	AU 1994-66434	19940509 <--
	AU 690113	B2	19980423		
	EP 697896	A1	19960228	EP 1994-915005	19940509 <--
	EP 697896	B1	19990113		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	BR 9406647	A	19960312	BR 1994-6647	19940509 <--
	JP 08511696	T	19961210	JP 1994-524763	19940509 <--

	JP 3548175	B2	20040728			
	AT 175581	T	19990115	AT 1994-915005	19940509	<--
	ES 2131684	T3	19990801	ES 1994-915005	19940509	<--
	US 5824651	A	19981020	US 1996-672243	19960628	<--
	JP 2004154586	A	20040603	JP 2003-432701	20031226	<--
PRAI	US 1993-58753	A	19930510	<--		
	US 1994-226345	A	19940412	<--		
	JP 1994-524763	A3	19940509	<--		
	WO 1994-CA257	W	19940509	<--		
	US 1994-322998	B1	19941014	<--		

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Drug preparations of reduced toxicity

AB The toxicity of drugs, especially antibiotics and antitumor agents, is greatly reduced while retaining their pharmacol. activity by binding to endogenous cellular substrates (ligands) which are generally lipids. High doses of the drug may be administered with less toxic side effects. E.g., egg lysophosphatidylcholine, phosphorylcholine and inositol hexaphosphate were effective in decreasing the toxicity of streptomycin, administered s.c. to mice. The ligands formed complexes with the antibiotics thus preventing binding of the drug to its putative toxicity receptor. The preps. do not contain liposomes so disadvantages of liposome administration are not encountered.

AN 1985:411476 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20081124>>

DN 103:11476

OREF 103:1897a,1900a

TI Drug preparations of reduced toxicity

IN Janoff, Andrew Stuart; Popescu, Mircea Constantine; Alving, Carl R.; Lenk, Robert Parker; Tremblay, Paul Alain; Fountain, Michael W.; Ostro, Marc Jeffery; Weiner, Alan Lee

PA Liposome Co., Inc., USA

SO S. African, 55 pp.

CODEN: SFXRXB

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	ZA 8403778	A	19841224	ZA 1984-3778	19840518 <--
	CA 1237670	A1	19880607	CA 1984-454193	19840511 <--
	US 4897384	A	19900130	US 1986-844248	19860324 <--
	US 5059591	A	19911022	US 1989-405623	19890912 <--
	US 5059591	B1	20000425		
PRAI	US 1983-498268	A	19830526	<--	
	US 1984-604503	A	19840502	<--	
	US 1986-844248	A1	19860324	<--	